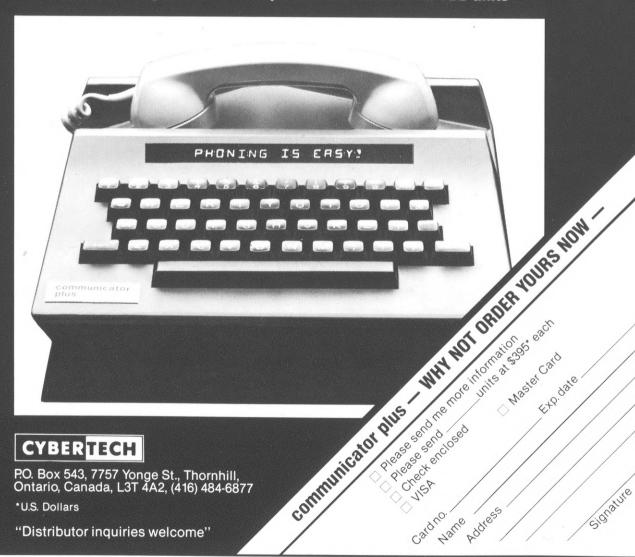


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HE DEAF AMERICAN Vol. 34 No. 5 1982



COVER

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IN THIS ISSUE Articles The Pendulum Swings by Jim Hanson Silas Hirte: A Live Wire Man of God The Psychological Effects of Frustration on Advocates TLC: It Works Both Ways by John T. Mann. "A Rose for Tomorrow" Departments Letters to the Editor Foreign News In Communication Club Directory BACK COVER

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BOARD METHG HCHICHTS

The Executive Board of the National Association of the Deaf met January 14-17, 1982 in St. Louis, Missouri. They were guests of the Missouri Association of the Deaf, hosts of the 1982 NAD Convention, which will be held July 4-8, 1982 in St. Louis. Following are some of the highlights of the meeting:

- The Board received a report on the quota/life membership problems and adopted a recommendation to be transmitted to the Convention, in which a new formula will be used for determining quota payments, including a minimum quota fee from each State.
- The Board adopted a Political Action Network Plan to be further completed by the Legislative Committee.
- A survey will be conducted among selected State Association members to obtain information on the impact of the Branch Office Services.
- The President is to follow up on NAD membership application in the Council of Education of the Deaf.
- The Board reaffirmed its endorsement of Yerker Andersson for WFD President and named Mrs. Galloway as a second delegate to the 1983 meeting in Italy at no cost to the NAD.
- The WFD World Day of the Deaf, the last Sunday in September of each year, was officially adopted as the NAD deaf awareness cel-

- ebration period. The week commencing that Sunday is to be the focus of NAD deaf awareness activities.
- The Board heard reports on the Regional Conferences in Alaska and Omaha and considered further refinements in the use of regional conferences in relationship to the NAD Convention.
- The Board reviewed the budget and general financial matters and set some priorities for the Finance Committee to complete.
- The Board expressed interest in the organization of the National Association of Hearing Impaired College Students and is exploring a means for a proper NAD affiliation.
- The Board endorsed the need for a mission/goals statement and authorized President-Elect Hurwitz to work with the Executive Director to prepare a statement and a booklet that will delineate goals and broad program activities that relate to these goals. General goal areas were adopted for consideration and development.
- The Board examined the hotel facilities for the 1982 Convention, reviewed and accepted

the current '82 Program Report, and provided helpful comment on desired activities and procedures.

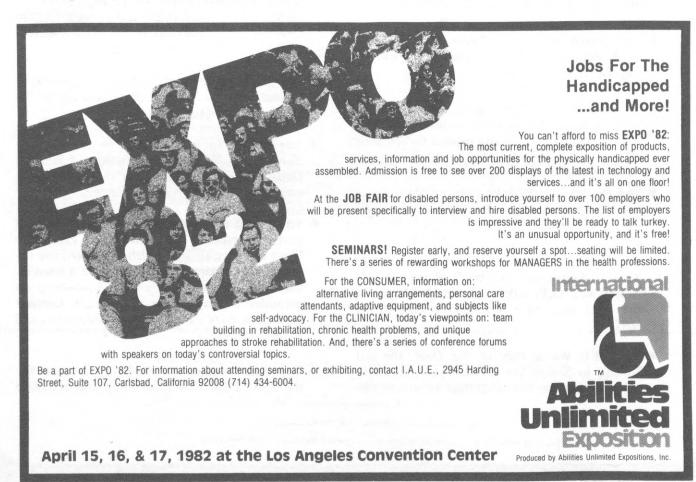
- The Board attended a very impressive Missouri Association of the Deaf Rally and witnessed some "old time" membership recruitment program activities that were informative and successful.
- The Board voted to officially recognize the Visual Media Section as a section of the NAD.

The following mandate was developed:

The NAD Executive Board mandates the Home Office to formulate strategies on a broad front affecting the following course of action on captioning issues:

(1) Promote broad support and input to the FCC towards regulations that will require all TV captioned programming, by all networks, be channeled through Line 21 ONLY so that existing decoders will not become obsolete.

- (2) Promote national recognition of ABC, PBS and NBC's involvement in captioning programming. Develop appropriate award recognitions. Boycott, on a nationwide basis on May 19, 1982, any network not providing captioning.
- (3) Continue to develop and establish boycotting tactics on a nationwide basis at timely intervals aimed at arousing public awareness of the issue and in gaining the support of the public on a continuing basis.
- (4) Seek expert marketing advice from the NAD Visual Media Section and from other sources, to promote rapid progression of decoder sales and to follow through cooperatively with others by whatever means available to achieve better decoder sales. Utilize input of VMS to counteract CBS failure to caption TV programs.
- (5) Develop a sense of deaf and hearing impaired community support toward common issues which affect the quality of life of deaf people as they pertain to visual media accessibility issues.



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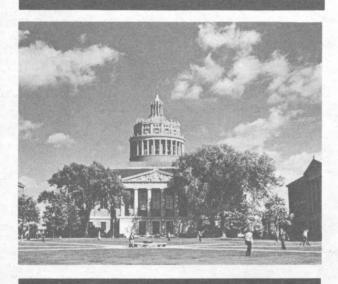
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The pendulum Swings...

by Jim Hanson

n reality, our minds play tricks on us. It is not the same moment. A French physicist named Jean Bernard Leon Foucault illustrated in Paris in 1851 that, even as the swing of the pendulum weight reaches its outer limit and begins its return, the axial rotation of the earth determines that the pendulum cannot return to where it was.

This truth applies to other pendulum swings as well. Currently, our political pendulum is swinging back toward so-called "conservative" concepts which extol the virtues of less government, greater productivity, free enterprise, and carrying the big stick (sometimes referred to as Defense). These concepts, while perhaps worthy, have the seductive appeal of nostalgia which tends to remind us only of what was good about the "good old days" and glosses over what was not so good.

The world has turned, changes have been made, and we really cannot march backward into the rosy, distorted view of the past that our "acting" There is a view of history which suggests that the events of life move somewhat like the swing of a pendulum. Attitudes toward sexuality, for example, have moved from the Puritan prudishness of the carefully covered ankle to the pornographic prurience of the triple-X theater, only to begin the swing back toward censorship, control and a new morality. If you live long enough, the passing scene seems to have a quality of "Deja Vu" and you swear you have lived this moment before.

President is so fond of assuring us was a better day. Things were better before "government" got so big and intruded into our lives is the general thesis of the "Cowboy from California."

Maybe it was a better day for Gould and Carnegie and Rockefeller. But for Theodore and Frances Hanson, and the Abel and Janice Ryders who were my parents, it wasn't so great. There were no early detection programs then and so they were not discovered until they started getting tall. They began their public education at ages 9 and 13. There were no RCD's who cared if my father got work. There were no State Commissions for the Deaf to assure that my parents would have an interpreter at the Welfare Office, no Leadership Training Program, and no NTID. What there was for my parents, in those "good old days," was the charitable good wishes of a society that genuinely believed that my parents were all you could expect "deaf mutes" to be.

How often I have wished my par-

ents could have known Boyce Williams, Bob Sanderson, Phyllis Frelich, Al Pimentel, Vic Galloway, Harvey Corson, Ralph White, and Fred Schreiber. These are the pacesetters who have climbed the mountain, seen the view and will never settle for the "good old days" of benevolent paternalism which was the lot of my parents.

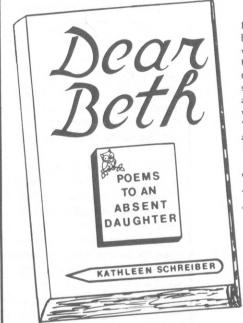
Yes, the pendulum has swung and there will be some of us who will fall off in the momentum of the swing. But of this I am sure — deaf persons cannot go back to where they were. There may be those who, by their policy, would relegate deaf persons to second class citizenship, to be content with what society can afford, to base their hopes on the charitable instinct of a benevolent people, to trade their civil rights for a promise. To those polcy makers who believe that that is the way the pendulum will swing, I offer this analysis baloney!

There are those historical revisionists who will claim that the Holocaust never happened. It is only the paranoid ideation of a Zionist people who do not know their place. But such attempts to revise history do not succeed, because those who lived the experience will not allow us to forget the horror of what it was.

With no intent to place the events of today on the same scale as the Holocaust, it is nonetheless true that we need to be wary of those who have a faulty view of the past. Let me be blunt. In my opinion, block grants are a "Jewish solution" for deaf persons and handicapped groups in general. To talk in pontifical terms of allowing the state and local citizenry to decide what is best for the people is hypocritical to the extreme. Why do I feel this way? Because I remember how it was for Theodore and Frances Hanson and no smiling, genial, swell-guy politician is going to convince me that they were better off because of less government.

(This article was taken from the SCD News, edited by Jim Hanson of Des Moines, Iowa.)

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o Posted: Fri Oct 2, 1981	0
o 12:45 a.m.	0
o From: Watson	0
o To: LaPlante	0
Subj: Your party	0
o Text: Hi, Mimi. Thanks for your	0
o party. I like to use the Model 43	0
o on DEAFNET and not worry that	0
 you may be asleep this late at 	0
o night	0
0	0
O Posted: Tue Sept 8, 1981	0
0 10:42 p.m.	0
From: SBrenner	0
To: INFO Bulletin Board	0
Subi: Dual-level Equipment	0
Text: Exciting news! New	0
equipment can work as a TDD	0
and also as a computer terminal.	0
o I am happy that DCC is now	0
o testing different models for use	0
on DEAFNET	0
o or bearing	0
O Posted: Wed Sept 23, 1981	0
o 9:45 p.m.	0
o From: Rule	0
o To: COMPUTERS Bulletin	0
o Board	0
o CC: Fitzpatrick, Robinson	0
 Subj: Local Bulletin Board 	0
O Text: This B.B. will start in Nov.	0
 Thanks to all who shared info 	0
o and ideas to make this	0
o possible	0

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Dear Editor:

Congratulations and thank you for the most inspiring holiday issue of *The Deaf American*.

Since entering the field of deafness some ten years ago, I have relied greatly on The Deaf American and other NAD publications to keep me abreast of various activities and concerns of deaf people throughout the nation. I have always been pleased with the information provided from NAD. However, I wanted you to know that the Special Holiday issue, Volume 34 No. 3, is the best publication I have ever read. I wish that every American could read the personal interest section of communication expressed by your writers. The authors certainly provided insights into the uniqueness and sameness of deaf people. Please convey my appreciation and compliments to the individuals who so graciously reflected meaningful communication and love within their families.

We are extremely proud of our Kentucky Royster family. I sent each of our state senators a copy of the article written by Mary Ann. (Legislation has been introduced to establish a Commission for the Deaf in Kentucky.)

I look forward to the next issue of *The Deaf American*.

-Faye Best Kentucky

Dear Editor:

I want to take this time to commend you and your staff for the recent improvements in *The Deaf American*, especially the December, 1981 issue.

The articles which appear in the December issue are outstanding and very impressive. I enjoyed reading it and I am looking forward to seeing the next issue.

Congratulations for a fine job. I hope to see more of this improvement in the years to come. Keep up the good work.

-G. Leon Curtis
Washington State Coordinator
of Deaf Services

at DEAF COMMUNITY CENTER Bethany Hill Framingham, MA 01701

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Dear Editor:

The Deaf American (special holiday issue) is the best issue I've ever read. Real terrific and very enjoyable. More of it from now on!

-Lenore Golden Maryland

Dear Editor:

Congrats on the recent issue of The DA about "Communication in the Family." Inasmuch as I've truly enjoyed reading it, I'd like to see additional articles about the prelingual segment that comprises about 90% of the deaf population - deaf children of hearing parents - wherein they pose a persistent problem - the 5th grade reading level as you certainly know. The features in the recent issue more or less reflect on deaf children of deaf parents who naturally communicate and write well because of well-rounded conversations at home. At this point. the main thrust should be focussed on the prelingual segment so as to bring more communication there. In fact, the full scope of this particular population should be taken into consideration. Agree?

> -Emanuel Golden Maryland

Dear Editor:

Thanks for your promptness in sending extra issues. I'm sure both my children will love reading about hearing children of deaf parents.

Why don't you print the months on *The DA* as you used to? I hope you will in the future. Many thanks.

-Nelly Myers New York

Dear Editor:

Congratulations on the recent printing of *The Deaf American* magazine (Vol. 34 No. 3). For the first time, I found reading *The Deaf American* educational and enjoyable. Please continue developing more special issues. Let me know if I can be of help with article writing, etc.

--Solange C. Skyer
NTID/RIT Career Counselor
New York

Dear Editor:

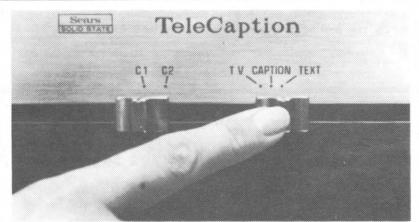
I want to write and let you know how much my family and I have enjoyed reading the latest issue about communication in the family (Vol. 34 No. 3). This is really an excellent issue because it is informative and is a good way to educate the public about communication that deaf people are using. So, I would like to order ten issues of Vol. 34 No. 3, to be used in the Sign Language program at the Willie Ross School for the Deaf, Longmeadow, MA. I feel that it is important for the

teachers, parents of deaf children, and students taking Sign Language classes, to read this special holiday issue.

-Ruth Platcow Moore
Massachusetts

Dear Editor:

You are to be congratulated for *The Deaf American*'s special holiday issue on communication in the family. The credit goes to all of those who participated in the magazine, and it brought forth a tear in my eye and al-



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so a smile on my lips. It reached all aspects of living, and that is what makes us tick!

To sum it up plainly, it is one of the best educational tools produced by individuals "who have been there" instead of those who depend on their findings from their "ivory tower."

Thank you, Editor, from all of us out there.

—Deborah Sonnenstrahl
District of Columbia

Dear Editor:

I immensely enjoyed reading the special issue, "Communication in the Family."

I know two families whom I feel should have their stories printed in *The Deaf American*. Jim Kiser is the hearing son of deaf parents and Jo B. Anthony is the hearing daughter of deaf parents (Yates).

I already asked for Mr. Kiser's and

Mrs. Anthony's permission in recommending them to you.

-Bobbie Wolfe Virginia

Dear Editor:

I just received your holiday issue of *The Deaf American*. It is *outstanding*. I believe this is perhaps the best issue ever printed of your magazine.

Please keep up the good work. I wish the U.S. Postal System didn't do such a lousy job, as I always receive *The Deaf American* 1 or 2 months late.

-- Annelyle Turner

Dear Editor:

I just finished reading the holiday issue of *The Deaf American* and must comment on it. It is the first issue of the magazine that I have bothered to read from cover to cover. While I understand that regular issues contain in-

formation that probably must be recorded or reported, this issue is the best ever.

As a late-deaf person (age 26), I read the story of Joe Weber with great interest. But the Tim Jaech story was also an "at last" due one, shall we say. I find as a late-deaf person that few born-deaf people understand how we feel about being left out of those "restaurant conversations," "chit-chat," etc. We remember the potential of each person's conversation and how much can be gained from "overhearing" it or having it signed directly to us. I was delighted to read his comments.

As I read the other stories, I found them to be very useful as I work with a lot of parents, people learning signs, students, etc., while I do my job as a rehab counselor and do as much advocacy work as possible in the community. The articles each have something very worth sharing that is not usually



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verbalized. The hearing kids of deaf parents I have found really have quite a story to tell and, for many, that story is one of resentment and bitterness.

I am totally deaf and have had an implant operation. I believe this issue may be one of the first to do a story on late-deaf people. I find my good speech worthless in store and restaurant situations. I found I was forced to resort to writing in many situations to save my emotional being from the huge number of frustrating situations that present themselves, especially as I still try to make it in the hearing world as well as in the deaf world, both of which I need. Other late-deaf people, - implant people among them - have also expressed this same problem in our speech as being so good we are even more misunderstood. But doesn't it also make us question the real value of all that speech work when only ten percent will possibly attain it of those it is enforced upon?

I am glad I will finally be able to show the people I teach, work with, etc., how others expressed their feelings about deafness, etc. How about more of these *special* issues?

Boy, I could go on and on. But I will spare you and just end this by saying again how much I enjoyed this issue and look forward to many more like it.

−D. Witte

Dear Editor:

In 1979, I wrote to the late Dr. Schreiber in regard to your magazine. I criticized it because I was disappointed by the overall content of the magazine in that it did not appeal to my interests as a deaf individual but seemed to me more of a medical journal for professionals.

Dr. Schreiber sent me a very gracious reply agreeing with my observation and indicating that efforts were being made to change the format some, but that it appeared the more probable solution would be to publish a second magazine or newsletter to appeal to deaf individuals.

Because I wrote in the past to criticize, I feel it is only fair to you and your coworkers to write this time to commend you for what I feel strongly as being your best issue ever — your current Holiday Issue.

I enjoyed the articles about communication in the family and, being the only deaf person in our family, I shared it with other family members who appreciated it as much as I.

So, I wish not only to commend you but to thank you for making such a tremendous improvement in your magazine. I hope and urge you that future publications continue to show this change in format.

-Leon L. Ziebarth
Oregon



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Silas Hirte: A Live Wire Man of God

by Mrs. Norma Porter

(A) Ash Wednesday, 1960. Rev. Silas J. Hirte, Bofinger Memorial Church, St. Louis Episcopal Cathedral. (B) Have you ever heard a smile? Fr. Silas Hirte responds to Mrs. Roger Pickering at the Episcopal Conference of the Deaf Booth. (C) Frs. Lange, Molnar, Hirte, Cooper, Arnaz, and Smith; December 7, 1980 - 30th Anniversary of Priesthood.





he best known priest in the diocese!" "A live wire man of God!" "A spark plug!" "A man on the move!" These are just a few of the many phrases used to describe the Rev. Silas James Hirte of Syracuse, NY. All of them show a man of many talents, eager to share them with others in a bouncy, fun-loving way. He serves his Lord with joy and deep dedication.

Silas was a Wisconsin farm boy, born February 20, 1920, in Aparta, the only child of deaf parents and grandparents. Devout members of their church, they were proud of this quick-learning, profoundly deaf offspring. He decided early in life to follow Christ, but his denomination did not accept deaf candidates for the priesthood in those days. Does anyone know if this man of the cloth is the first to be ordained as a third generation deaf person?

He was educated at the Wisconsin School for the Deaf in Delavan. In 1946, he attained his B.A. degree at Gallaudet College and while there was inducted into the Kappa Gamma Fraternity, an honorary fraternity. He enrolled in the Nashotch House Seminary near Milwaukee to train for the priesthood, but even then there was a

shortage of interpreters and he could not continue his graduate studies at that school. For five years, the Revs. Mathews and Leisman personally trained this young "spark plug for God," including three more years at Gallaudet under the tutelage of the Rev. Otto Berg.

Rev. Hirte was ordained an Episcopal Deacon in 1949, and to the priesthood the following year. For 23 years he served the St. Thomas Mission for the Deaf in St. Louis, MO, which also included, in that diocese, Missouri; Lexington, Kentucky; Arkansas; and Chicago. Since that time his influence has worked in much of the southern United States. He began working in Central New York in 1978, when the Rev. Canon William Lange, Jr. retired after more than 30 years of dedicated service.

The Hirte family includes wife, B. Reatha, and four grown children, twin sons, Christian and Richard Hirte, two daughters, Mrs. Cindy Haight and Mrs. Patty Leitzke, and their mates. All are active workers on behalf of deaf society.

When Silas joins any organization, he gives it an all-out effort. He's held all local offices in the National Fraternal Society of the Deaf and was honored in their Hall of Fame in 1979. He

has also held many important offices in the Episcopal denomination, and actively worked with other faiths ecumenically. His membership in NAD goes back many years. He is the 1981 Senior Steward of Masonic Sapphire Lodge No. 768 in Camillus, NY, holding dual membership in Mobile, Alabama Azalea Lodge No. 898. Many Syracuse Tigris Temple Shrine, Scottish and York Rites affairs find this energetic man in their midst.

Just as this is being written, the Rev. Hirte becomes another deaf "first." He will be the first deaf delegate to a National General Episcopal Convention to be held in New Orleans, LA, September 3-15, 1982. This is the ruling body of the House of Bishops and the House of Deputies, including clerical and laic elected officials from each U.S. diocese.

Will he ever retire? I doubt it! He has dreamed of someday renewing his airplane pilot's license and flying again with his sons. A life member of the George Washington Masonic Stamp Club, he would like to design Masonic cachets. One thing is certain — wherever and whenever you find the Rev. Silas J. Hirte, things are happening!

(Mrs. Porter is a free lance writer and an activist in the Deaf Community.)

by Michael Harvey

THE PSYCHOLOGICAL

t is a common experience to wonder why a person fails to initiate an activity which obviously seems to be in his/her best interest. The person's inactivity becomes particularly puzzling when, not only does the inactivity fail to lead to rewards, but actually leads to punishment. Initiation of a particular activity is rewarded and failure to initiate that activity is punished; yet it is precisely the latter which continues. This is a paradoxical, yet common, human phenomena.

One timely example of the above is the relatively infrequent occurrences of organized advocacy/lobbying efforts by members of the Deaf¹ community. Although many Deaf people lobby quite actively, it has been stated that the Deaf community, in general, does not lobby and advocate as much as do other disabled groups (Witt & Ogden, 1981; Harris & Updegraff, 1981). Clearly, it would be beneficial for the Deaf community to advocate and lobby as do blind and mobility impaired groups. Furthermore, the Federal government is punishing any group which does *not* advocate and lobby for itself. The possible repeal of various affirmative action laws and funding cuts are poignant examples.

One frequent explanation for this relative political inactivity of the Deaf community is communication. Witt and Ogden (1981) discuss the communication barrier in terms of how it hinders a child in learning about the political process:

"One's level of political participation often depends on early exposure to political stimuli. And early exposure in turn depends on good communication . . . But for deaf children communication is always more problematical than for hearing children." (p. 3).

Other authors discuss the communication barrier in terms of how it hinders receiving and conveying information in the political arena (Harris & Updegraff, 1981). Thus, the accessibility to valuable political "know-how" is reduced for many Deaf individuals.

Another explanation for the lack of advocacy/lobbying efforts in the Deaf community is the educational system. Secondary schools and college programs for Deaf people have traditionally neglected to educate students in the process of becoming involved with politics. After graduating from an educational institution, many Deaf people abruptly find themselves ill-prepared to lobby and advocate in situations where it is necessary. This often causes frustration.

Although communication difficulties and inadequate educational preparation certainly explain some reasons for the Deaf community's relative political inactivity as contrasted with that of other groups, I would like to propose another associated and often overlooked reason for this:

The psychological effects of repeated experiences of frustration. When a person repeatedly attempts to get what s/he values, yet fails in this endeavor, s/he becomes frustrated. People often report feeling anger (i.e., "I should have gotten such and such.") and anxiety (i.e., "What if I will never get such and such??"). People occasionally report feeling guilty (i.e., "I obviously do not deserve to get such and such.").

These emotions produce a lot of tension, particularly when the frustration is prolonged. As the level of tension increases, the person's intellectual, emotional, and social functioning becomes impaired. This level of tension significantly interferes with one's life and generally is quite noticeable to the particular person. In such instances of this kind of associated discomfort, it is a rule that most people, most of the time, consciously or unconsciously attempt to decrease or get rid of such tension. A common way, and one which is relevant to our present discussion, is through what is called "learned helplessness" (Seligman, 1972).

The concept of learned helplessness was first experimentally demonstrated by Seligman (1972) and can explain why a person acts helpless in frustrating situations. In order to understand this concept, consider the following example:

Suppose that 1) A person is tied up with rope and cannot move, and that 2) That person is repeatedly administered strong electrical shocks. At first, s/he tries to escape; however, as this is impossible, s/he eventually goes limp, in spite of repeated administrations of painful electric current. S/he gives up.

Now, and most importantly, suppose that 3) The rope is now *untied*. The person is free to escape. However, upon more administrations of electric current, the person does *not* move, does *not* attempt to escape. Psychologically, that person has *learned to feel helpless*, *although s/he*, *in fact*, *is not*.

The concept of learned helplessness also predicts that future, and more intense, administrations of electric shocks will only increase the feeling of helplessness and thus perpetuate the immobility or inaction. (Again, this is true even when that person is actually free to escape). The person will not attempt to escape even though s/he would be rewarded; in fact, his/her failure to escape is punished.

Back to the Deaf community. The various punishments or "electric shocks" which have been "administered" to the Deaf community are well documented. Two examples are the history of naive professionals making false diagnoses of mental retardation (Vernon, 1971), and attempting to thwart the use of American Sign Language (Trybus, 1981; Jacobs, 1980).

Now Federal/State funding cuts, block grants, and possible repeal of affirmative action laws, are all viewed with terror by many people, including the Deaf community. However, the frequent response by many people to these so-called punishments has *not* been to advocate and lobby;

^{1&}quot;Deaf" with a capitalized "D" refers to the Deaf community/culture as opposed to audiologic deafness, in accordance with Padden's (1980) definition.

EFFECTS OF FRUSTRATION ON ADVOCATES

paradoxically, it has been to be relatively politically inactive (Witt & Ogden, 1981; Harris & Updegraff, 1981). This response of *inactivity* is precisely what one would predict from the concept of learned helplessness.

One of the common psychological effects of, for example, repeatedly being frustrated in attempts to assert one's rights is learned helplessness. In other words, one becomes so frustrated — there is so much to do — that obtaining the desired goal seems impossible. The anxiety increases and soon becomes unbearable. It therefore becomes less painful to give up and say "I am helpless anyway so I can rest . . . I do not have to do anything." One becomes despondent and immobilized: Stuck.

I want to emphasize that many people, both Deaf and hearing, lobby quite actively while others choose not to do so for no personal reasons other than frustration. Furthermore, the cumulative effects of frustration do not always lead to learned helplessness or apathy; on the contrary, frustration can lead to angry behavior (i.e., demonstrations and strikes) and a variety of other responses. With regard to the Deaf community in particular, the concept of learned helplessness can explain *some* reasons that *some* Deaf people "give up" and do not become politically active. However, learned helplessness is not an isolated factor; it is integrally related to communication barriers and inadequate educational preparation regarding the political process.

Given that a person does feel helpless and stuck, let us examine how to make matters worse; how to make that person feel *more* helpless and stuck. An effective way is to recommend that unless this, this, and this is done, funding will be cut and other awful things will happen. Adding more and more "weight on one's shoulders" in this manner causes one to feel weighted down and even more helpless and stuck. As the number of urgent requests and recommendations and warnings become more frequent, a person not only continues to feel more helpless and stuck, but can actually become clinically depressed.

In order to help people feel *less* helpless, *less* stuck, *less* despondent and more mobilized towards political action, it is of crucial importance to aid such persons in examining their behavior in the context of how they may actually be responding to frustration. A person must examine in detail exactly how s/he has been reacting to frustration, anger, anxiety, guilt, and other negative emotions.

The author is *not* stating that, if a person, Deaf or hearing, does not advocate, this automatically means that s/he is responding to frustration by becoming apathetic. The author is stating that 1) Every human being, at some time, feels frustrated, angry, anxious, guilty, and so on, and 2) It is a valuable exercise to *question* or *examine* how we react, or do not react, to these emotions.

When a person begins to question and examine his/her reactions, an important thing happens. The person often, for the first time, objectively looks at his/her behavior pat-

terns in such areas as apathy or tardiness to meetings, which have often either previously gone unnoticed or attributed to the wrong cause (i.e., "I am acting apathetic because of not sleeping well.").

Given that this objective realization has occurred, it is important to "deal with it;" to deal with the *feeling* of helplessness in spite of objective evidence that one indeed is *not* helpless. Exactly what this somewhat vague and perhaps faddish phrase "dealing with it" means is the subject of numerous books and articles and cannot be explained in detail here. However, an important part of "dealing with it" is to simply talk about it with another person who can examine it objectively and give support. Well-led support groups are examples.

Learned helplessness is a common psychological response to frustrating situations. This response frequently occurs when anybody, Deaf or hearing, encounters situations in which success seems impossible.

Summary

In addition to communication barriers and inadequate educational preparation, another reason that some Deaf people avoid pursuing goals, such as advocacy, which would reward them is that they feel helpless and thus become stuck. Warnings about the awful things that will happen if these goals are not pursued, makes matters worse. It increases the "stuckness." It is necessary to recognize and examine the psychological reasons for feeling stuck in order to effectively initiate beneficial activities, such as advocacy. Although this article specifically focuses on the Deaf community, it is emphasized that learned helplessness as a result of repeated frustration does not only occur with some Deaf individuals but is a human phenomena.

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(Dr. Harvey is the Director of D.E.A.F., Inc. in Allston, MA)



TLC. IT WORKS BOTH WAYS

by John T. Mann

Position In Haiti

NEEDED—Mature persons with sign language skills for teaching/assisting at Haiti Christian Center for the Deaf. Working largely with children and youth in basic education and vocational skills. Contact Mervin Kenney, Brethren Volunteer Service, 1451 Dundee Avenue, Elgin, Illinois 60120.

red and Hazelene Sparks answered a want ad in *The Deaf American* two years ago – and it was the start of an adventure that would become a high point in their lives.

The March, 1979 ad was by the Church of the Brethren Volunteer Service, and Fred Sparks had been a teacher for 11 years at the American School for the Deaf in West Hartford, Connecticut — a preparatory school for colleges and other schools which accept deaf students. He had spent 44 years teaching the deaf, with his wife teaching as well. The ad sought educators of the deaf; the Sparks were accepted; and in September, 1979 they headed for the Caribbean.

They landed in another world—"the poorest country in the Western Hemisphere" where annual income is \$200 per capita and urban employment is 50 percent; where millions are trying to get out, not in. Fred and Hazelene would spend the next three weeks conducting a workshop on

Graduation Day at the American School for the Deaf, June, 1981. Pictured are Mark Jonas, Fred & Hazelene Sparks, and Jay Cardoret.

This advertisement was answered by the Sparks in March, 1979.

teaching deaf children — in Haiti. They knew very little French, and the kids couldn't even speak or use English! Nevertheless, they enjoyed it so much that they returned the following year for an encore.

The Sparks would be teaching Haitian teachers, many with little formal education and no training for teaching deaf children, about Total Communication concepts and methods used widely in America. They would also teach Sign Language, using American Sign Language (Ameslan) and the native French tongue. Ameslan is the "fourth most used" language in the U.S.

Fred says, "We conducted workshops, changing the native French to Sign Language and demonstrating Total Communication, which also includes speech, lip reading and amplification of sound — using residual hearing capability which most deaf people have to some extent." As a parenthetical note, he adds, "Most husbands have selective hearing and convenient deafness."

SCHOOL LIFE

The Haitian Christian Center for the Deaf in Port-au-Prince was housed in a complex of abandoned Army hospital buildings which were overcrowded, poorly equipped, and frequently unin-

habitable because of serious, almost-daily flooding. The school, with an enrollment of 160, receives missionary funds from the U.S., USAID, UN, church groups, and Christian relief organizations. Most special education for the handicapped in Haiti is done by mission schools, missionaries and volunteers like the Sparks.

"The facilities by our standards would be condemned," Fred observes, "yet there we lived with the staff and the pupils, and enjoyed working with them as a team." The Sparks learned French from interpreters and then changed French or Creole into Sign Language for vocabulary, sentences, and both oral and written communication.

The Sparks found many smiles and a pleasant atmosphere at the Center, and also evidence of the spiritual heritage of the children's families — voodoo, Catholic and Protestant. He says that, thanks to the U.S., there was plenty of surplus food, especially corn, wheat, soy beans and milk solids, and that the bright-eyed, smiling children received an abundance of tender, loving care from missionaries, staff and volunteers.

A STRICKEN LAND

Outside the school it was a different story. Fred says, "Many Haitians are emaciated, just skin and bones, with hunger in their eyes. Many beg in the streets of the city, displaying their sores, crippled limbs, and scanty, dirty garments." Of the teeming masses in the city, Fred says, "You would not believe it even if you were there," but adds that he and Hazelene saw no deaf beggars in Haiti.

He describes peasant homes which vary from an African-type thatched roof atop four poles to more substantial houses of two or more rooms, with small charcoal braziers outside used for cooking. Fred remarks, "Making charcoal is the reason their hillsides and mountainsides are denuded, and most of the topsoil is washing down into the sea." He says the natives seem to be ignorant of terracing, ditching and simple irrigation that would save their land.

The nation has few paved roads since not many own cars or bicycles, and Fred says he saw no dairy herds, with only one or two cows or chickens owned by a few peasants; he dreamed

of ice cream and milk. He says that every stream serves triple duty as public bathing, laundry and drink facility, and that public water treatment and toilet facilities don't exist. He describes the market district in Port-au-Prince as colorful, with teeming masses of people, but says that the picture changes when shops close, twilight falls, and the homeless huddle together in doorways, on shop platforms and sidewalks to sleep.

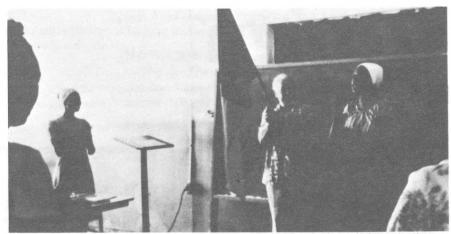
Fred Sparks began his specialized teaching career 46 years ago in North Carolina, and has since taught in West Virginia, New York, Georgia and Connecticut. But when he enrolled at Clemson University on the eve of the Depression in 1929, he never dreamed that he would join this profession or wind up in a place like Haiti.

He says, "Engineering industrial education was established just in time to save me from electrical engineering failures, both at Clemson University and out in the world." Clemson professors, "Mr. Holtzy" of the YMCA, and Baptist and Episcopal preachers in Clemson and his hometown of Gaffney helped him decide to become a teacher.

ROAD TO A CAREER

Clemson University also prepared him to be an apprentice to a foundry molder in Gaffney, later an assistant manager in Rose's "five and dime," and in the WPA and FERA. In 1935, Fred got a job setting up a woodworking shop in Morganton, NC High School, where he had to take over a WPA project and excavate under the school auditorium to make room for his shop and storage area; he then expanded the shop into a well-rounded general shop program. He repeated this task, when requested, at the NC School for the Deaf, also in Morganton, in 1935. Here he was also dormitory counselor, resident advisor, scoutmaster, and coached the football team, and says, "I also did not neglect to admire one of the single young ladies there" who was a teacher and would later become his wife.

In 1937, Fred received an appointment as Teaching Fellow at Gallaudet College, Washington, DC — the only college for the deaf in the world at that time. He earned a master's degree in the education of the deaf in 1938 and was also a mechanical drafting instructor.



Fred Sparks and students at the Haitian Christian Center for the Deaf, holding the Haitian flag and singing and signing the Anthem.

TEACHING THE DEAF

After graduation and a brief stint as educational advisor at a CCC camp at the Chicamauga Dam site, he left to marry Hazelene and become vocational principal of the West Virginia School for the Deaf and Blind at Romney, with Hazelene also serving as a teacher there — as she was to do in his future assignments.

In April, 1941 he was called by the Army to duty as an infantry company commander, then an infantry school instructor, and wound up in France and Italy. Leaving with the Reserve rank of Colonel, Fred returned to the education of the deaf in 1946, with a new job that was to last for 15 years.

He served first as vice principal and then superintendent of the New York School for the Deaf in Rome, NY until 1961, when he became vocational rehabilitation counselor-evaluator and teacher-tutor at the American School for the Deaf, where he served until this July — when he and Hazelene retired and returned to their home in Paw Creek, NC.

Fred Sparks has had a leading role in promoting the education of the handicapped on both state and national levels. "There has been a great team effort in educating all the children regardless of their handicap," he says, "and much has been accomplished throughout America, I am proud to say."

He served youth in still another way. Clemson University played a role in Fred's lifelong interest in Boy Scouting; there he took advanced leadership training, later becoming a Scoutmaster for various troops (including some with

both deaf and blind scouts) and working in Cub and Explorer programs as well. He was once nominated for the prestigious national Silver Bear award.

He and Hazelene have shared interests in reading and traveling, and their number one hobby is "putting a foot in the road together." They hope to visit Europe and journey to Haiti again. They have two children: Richard C., a Georgia police officer, and Martha, mother of three and wife of an engineer and former naval officer. Fred adds, "We would like to attend every Clemson University football and basketball game, and some tennis and baseball games as well."

Fred anticipates going to school to learn a new hobby — photography. One he does not have to learn is golf, which he coaches and plays even with a left leg brace, a result of undiagnosed polio. He was a "carrier of polio or something and was sent to the 'trustees pest house' during an epidemic at Clemson." He also has had a right hip transplant but declares, "I'm as good as new" and proves it by playing golf with a six handicap.

After almost a half-century of service to humanity, and particularly to deaf children, Fred and Hazelene Sparks have returned to their beloved Dixie. Of all Clemson University's sons and daughters, many are far richer financially — but few, if any, can claim to have touched and brightened as many lives, and to have reaped as many of life's real rewards, as Fred L. Sparks, Jr. — together with his partner and wife, Hazelene Campbell Sparks.

(Reprinted with permission from Clemson World, September, 1981.)



Australia - AFSAD

The telephone company in New South Wales has agreed to give deaf users a 20% discount for the installation of telephone equipment items.

Ireland - NAD

Ireland may soon have a TDD network. The NAD of Ireland is looking into the possibility of ordering the British VISTEL for deaf persons. Its size is similar to those of MCM, Portatel, AM/COM, etc., and costs over \$700. (Contact, No. 5, Vol. 5).

Great Britian - BDA

The play "Children of a Lesser God" again made a hit in Great Britain but, strangely enough, the actors used American Sign Language, not British Sign Language.

Gerry Hughes and Matthew Jackson were the first deaf sailors to sail around the British Isles. Their sailboat was 31 feet long. As neither of them could use a radio, they had to rely on a barometer for weather prediction. They are now eligible for the Round Britain Race in 1982. (*Hearing*, No. 5, Vol. 36).

Jill Mansfield, a hard of hearing artist, wrote an interesting article, "Jill Goes to Gallaudet," in *Hearing* (Vol. 36, No. 5). She joined a British group of deaf, hard of hearing and hearing social workers, researchers, and teachers to visit Gallaudet College. Ms. Mansfield was the only professional not working with deaf people (graphic artist). As she was "the only person in the British contingent who *could not sign*." (p. 218 – emphasis original).

Germany - DGB

Max Gardtner, one of the most prominent leaders in Germany, passed away. He was 96 years old. Deafened at nine, he was educated at a school for the deaf in Nurtingen and later trained as a dental technician. He opened a dental laboratory under his own name. He was the president of the German Federation of the Deaf (1951-1963) and received the title honorary president.

The play "Children of a Lesser God" was translated into German and presented first in Dusseldorf.

Sweden - SDR

The play "Children of a Lesser God" was a spectacular success in Malmo. Of course, a deaf woman, Gunilla Vestin, played the Sarah role.

SDR-Kontakt (Vol. 9, No. 5) has interviewed two deaf persons, Osvald Dahlgren and Lolo Danielsson, about the importance of speech. Mr. Dahlgren has been a leader of the deaf for many years and Ms. Danielsson is a young deaf researcher. Both of them agree that speech is important for deaf persons but have different suggestions. Dahlgren wants all deaf children to learn speech as a part of their obligatory education. Danielsson disagrees and believes that self-awareness and knowledge are more important than speech.

Spain - FNSE

A first in Europe has been made recently in Barcelona, with the opening of a bank branch devoted exclusively to deaf clients. This branch of Banesto Banco has been named "The Silent Urban Branch." Its clients can obtain these banking services by communicating with its staff trained in Sign Language. (The Deaf Canadian).

Faro del Silencio, one of the thickest and most lavishly illustrated magazines in the world, has published two long articles about Gallaudet College. In No. 38, President Pinedo described his trip to Gallaudet College and his participation in the NAD boycott against CBS in New York City. The photos showing Father Agustin Yanes as a recipient of an honorary degree at Gallaudet College, a brief description of the Hlibok family where he was a guest, and a complete translation of Pimentel's "CBS and Deaf Persons" were included in this issue. In No. 39, new articles and photos gave a complete physical description of Gallaudet College (total: 13 pages). Pinedo is to be congratulated for this magnificent job!

Beigium - FNS

An international symposium "Communication and the Deaf" was held in Belgium, Nov. 6-8, 1981. The invited speakers were Dr. Tervoort, Netherlands; Dr. Reed, Great Britain; Prof. Bergman, Sweden; Dr. Geuchte, Germany, and Mr. Berkhout, Netherlands, in addition to Belgian speakers. Belgium is a plural society. There are linguistic, religious and political groups. As expected, these groups compete with each other and fight for survival. It occurs even among deaf people. *Onze Vriend* (Vol. 57, No. 7, pp. 201-202) lists the following organizations:

- 1. Navekados-Fenasomuc
 - These abbreviations stand for National Verbond van Katholieke Doven (Flemish) and Federation National des Sourds Catholiques (French).
- 2. Fe Ne Do

This organization, Federatie van Nederlandstalige Dovenverenigingen, is a body of clubs for Flemish-speaking deaf persons.

3. FFAS

French-speaking deaf persons have a separate organization. Federation Francophone des Associations de Sourds.

Argentina - CAS

The Confederacion Argentina de Sordomudos announced its new officers:

President - Teodoro Manzanedo General Secretary - Emilia M. Machado de Famularo

Denmark - IF

Three representatives of the Danish Association of the Deaf, LF, and two interpreters, had the opportunity to observe and compare interpreters from eight countries, including ours, during the international symposia in Bristol, Great Britain. One of the representatives, Dorte Secher, noted that the American interpreters were able to function as both interpreters and participants by being dressed in dark solid color when interpreting and using casual clothes when not interpreting. Thus the American interpreters were able to draw a line between their private and professional roles. (Dvebladet, No. 10, p. 7).

A dog show was arranged by and for deaf persons last August - the first dog show for deaf people in the world? Thirty-eight dog owners were registered at that time. (Dvebladet, No. 11, Vol. 91).

Turkey - NFTS

An international arts and culture festival of the deaf was held in Istanbul, Turkey, October 28-31, 1981. Organized by the Turkish Hearing and Speech Rehabilitation Foundation, the festival offered several folk dances by local clubs of the

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deaf from Bulgaria, Yugoslavia and Saudi Arabia, and a pantomime show by a Polish deaf actor.

Bahamas

The Deaf News which I recently received is the first magazine for the deaf in the Bahamas. It is edited by Leila Lightbourne. It looks very nice and promising.

Paraguay

The Center for the Deaf-Mute of Paraguay recently released a newsletter of which a copy was given by Jerald Jordan. Its president is Roberto C. Eaton, a retired U.S. military officer and now deaf.

The Center for the Deaf-Mute, established around 1960, is "dedicated to the integral protection of the deaf in the spheres of education, health, social welfare, cultural and sports life." Its motto is "Break the Barrier of Silence."

Its first contribution was the establishment of a school for the deaf. Now it has several ambitious projects, including the unification of Sign Language. Mr. Eaton appears to be a very well-informed and experienced organizer. We hope that the Paraguay organization will eventually join the WFD and cooperate with other national associations of the deaf. Good luck, Mr. Eaton!

Canada - CAD

The Canadian Association of the Deaf has made a strong move by demanding the Canadian government give a sustaining grant to the CAD and, if the Canadian government refuses, to explain how the CAD could apply to have the sustaining grant transferred from the Canadian Coordination Council on Deafness (CCCD). The CAD made a list of the differences between itself and the CCCD which are the following:

	CAD	CCCD
Туре	Self-help organization Grew from grass roots up Founded by deaf persons	Coordinating agency Grew from national level down Founded by social service agencies
Affiliates	32 organizations of the deaf	10 Provincial councils representing a variety of organizations
Board	Elected by the deaf Accountable to deaf up to 25 Entirely deaf	Elected by hearing and deaf Accountable to Provincial councils No more than half can be deaf (12)
Administration	Entirely by deaf	Entirely by hearing persons
Represents	The deaf	Those serving the deaf (The Deaf Canadian, Vol 6, No. 7, p. 14)

CISS

During the World Games of the Deaf, the CISS meeting approved the adoption of English as an official language. In the past the CISS official languages were French and English. The attempt to introduce Spanish as an alternative to French failed.

China - CABD

Deaf and blind people had a sports event "from mid-April to the end of May." 746 participants from schools, factories and other units played Chinese chess, table-tennis and basketball and attended track and field events. Note: the deaf and blind people are two separate categories but are organized under a single association. (Thank you, Mr. Gerguson -China Reconstructs, July, 1981).

Recently, as I was reading Jack Gannon's *Deaf Heritage*, I came across a quotation by George Propp which appeared in *The Nebraska Journal*'s column, "Propaganda." It read:

They're having a workshop for interpreters in the near future. Shouldn't they have one for the speakers first? Then, in logical sequence, have one for interpreters, and finally another for people like us who can't stay awake during speeches?

chuckled, but there was a serious message. I am especially interested in the unique "communication chain" of speakers — interpreters — audiences. Propp's comments triggered my thinking on a subject that is often discussed, yet one to which little formal attention has been given — public speaking; or, as I prefer to call it, public signing.

The most important link in the communication chain is the speaker, who is responsible for the delivery of thoughts and ideas. If a workshop, such as Propp proposes, were held for speakers, what would be some of the areas of discussion? Let me propose some that would likely emerge.

Good public speakers always have their audience as the prime concern. They speak to communicate thoughts and ideas as effectively as possible. Communicating the message, then, becomes the most important element in the development of good public speaking skills. This is the bottom line.

In addition to this bottom line of effective communication, the speaker who addresses mixed audiences of Deaf and hearing people, or separate audiences, has a few other areas of concern to focus upon, analyze, and dissect. The areas may also depend upon whether the speaker is Deaf or hearing person, a signer, or a non-signer.

This range of different considerations needs to be addressed. The speaker in the "Deafness circle" especially, often faces a discriminating audience — discriminating in the sense of expecting effectiveness in the handling of sign/voice/interpreting components; effectiveness in dealing with all of the barriers; and still getting the message across to each and every member of the audience. There lies the challenge.

Effective public signers are recognized for several things: solid content base, good eye contact, good use of signing space, and clear presentation of the topic. All of these factors combine to make a successful impact on an audience. Knowing the audience is vital; preparing the speech and selecting the appropriate topic are of utmost importance. Much of this, which precedes

the actual delivery, is a matter of common sense, or general principles of public speaking.

Once you are up by the podium or on stage, it is the actual delivery that really makes the score. The public signer is often in a unique position. The delivery of a speech also involves the decision of whether or not to use voice along with signs, whether or not to use an interpreter to voice the signing or sign the voicing, and selecting Sign Language or a sign system to use for a given audience. These aspects are not usually addressed in existing public speaking (training) classes, which tend to focus on the development, preparation, and general delivery of content

These areas have not been treated effectively, even in classes for Deaf people in public speaking. There are some possible reasons for this: 1) general lack of recognition of the importance of these concerns; 2) a trainer's lack of knowledge on how to give feedback to Deaf speakers on their delivery; 3) a trainer's lack of knowledge about how to assess signing efficiency and/or voice quality; 4) lack of use of interpreters in the curriculum; and 5) the class may not be in an environment which heightens sensitivity and encourages inquiry on these topics.

When hearing speakers use interpreters, it is voice-to-sign interpreting, and many interpreters do a very effective job. It is interesting to note that in the eyes of many Deaf audiences, the interpreter is blamed if the message is not carried across accurately. This is true even if it is the speaker who did not do well or did not convey the message effectively.

Deaf speakers have less luck with interpreters. Sign-to-voice interpreting services are often frustrating to a Deaf speaker. Many interpreters have better voice-to-sign (expressive) skills than sign-to-voice (receptive) skills, and the Deaf speaker may have to depend on mediocre interpreting skills. Hearing audiences listen to a mediocre interpreter stumbling on and on, maybe

even missing words or ad-libbing to fill gaps. Unsophisticated hearing audiences may decide that the Deaf speaker is ineffective, rather than blame the interpreter who is doing a poor job.

Because of this, some Deaf speakers choose to use their own less-than-adequate voice skills, knowing what the consequences will be. This choice is based on the fact that, in a mixed audience, many more people will understand the speaker than if an interpreter were used. A Deaf person who needs strong sign-to-voice interpreter skills often has to identify the interpreter s/he wants, or bring the interpreter him/herself.

Even with a good interpreter, preliminary work between the speaker and interpreter fosters a higher level of confidence. A pre-speech conference can include a discussion of the concept and content of the talk, and the English and signed terms that will be used. This helps both the interpreter and speaker to have a more relaxed feeling for the delivery. Even with a prepared speech, a pre-speech conference is helpful.

Prepared papers usually assist the interpreter in doing a better job of voicing the public signer. The paper may be written in excellent English, or it may not. The interpreter may not feel free to deviate from the written paper, thinking that the signer would adhere faithfully to the paper. If the public signer, on the spur of the moment, deviates from the prepared speech, should the interpreter pay close attention to both the paper and the signer, and attempt to integrate both?

A problem in the use of a prepared speech is that signers may lock their eyes to the paper, losing eye contact and making the audience's understanding difficult. The public speaker needs to try to avoid losing eye contact. The whole area of teaming with interpreters for public speaking needs to be further explored and discussed in training classes and public speaking/signing courses.



Sleeping audience?

A simultaneous W-O-W!

(Photo by Jefferson E. Baucom)

by S. Melvin Carter, Jr.

he decision to use American Sign Language (ASL) or a variation of ASL. such as Pidgin Sign English (PSE) or Signed English (SE) is dependent on various factors. If the speaker chooses to use simultaneous communication s/he must remember that the signed delivery would be mostly based on the pattern of spoken English. At best, s/he would be using PSE or SE or even one of the Signed English systems with all the affixes signed.

If an SE system is used, the speaker must be considerate of the audience's comfort level with the various SE affixes, as well as familiarity with certain signs. I have yet to see an adult Deaf audience comfortable with any presentation done entirely in an SE system. PSE allows a greater comfort level and more flexibility in listening than SE. A speaker must choose a system that communicates the message in the most comfortable and efficient manner to the greatest part of the audience possi-

Many Deaf speakers use ASL when talking to Deaf friends individually or in small groups. For some, it is the most comfortable and best means of communication. But when speakers who have made the decision to use ASL get on the platform, they face a spectrum of problems - the major one

being lack of confidence in the sign-tovoice interpreting. In order to do an effective job with a hearing audience, there must be little or no interruption for clarification, missed signs, or missed

Other problems in an ASL speech delivery have to do with the audience itself. If the audience is a mixed one with hearing people and people with various types of deafness, i.e., some being culturally Deaf, others deaf, and yet others deafened, there can be problems. There may be Deaf-blind and blind-Deaf people in the audience

Deafened people may know some Sign Language, but not be fluent in ASL. They can see the signer but not understand. Since speech is a public situation, they cannot stop the speaker and ask for a repetition, nor can they hear the sign-to-voice interpreter, who may not be visible anyway. The deafened person does not have much choice, unless there is another interpreter present to put the ASL delivery into Signed English for them. This is no easy obstacle to overcome, but the sensitive speaker will attempt to make accommodations and seek solutions prior to delivery.

In using interpreters during an ASL delivery, there is the danger of the

voicing to be patterned after the ASL word order, using a different grammatical structure from that of English. For the unsophisticated hearing listener, it may sound like "poor English usage," or come across in a way comparable to a foreigner's broken English. This can leave many hearing audiences wondering about the Deaf speaker's capabilities and language ability. This pitfall can be avoided by having a pre-speech conference, or a quick exchange when the interpreter is very familiar with the signer, and possibly the topic, prior to the delivery.

Some signing Deaf people use their voices in addition to signing during speeches. It is not uncommon for Deaf speakers to do this without considering the effect or effectiveness of the speech delivery. If the hearing audience does not understand the speaker, the message is lost. And if the Deaf speaker tries to combine voice and sign, some Deaf members of the audience may not understand what is signed.

Paradoxically, audience members rarely tell the speaker directly that the speech was not understood, even in private. They may, understandably, not want to hurt the speaker's feelings. However, when this goes on for some time without someone giving the speaker honest feedback, it becomes absolutely impossible, at a later date, to change the speaker's mind about his or her own degree of success in public delivery.

A Deaf person who is considering using his/her own voice while signing a speech should look for an honest evaluation from a trusted listener. This listener should, by all means, give the Deaf person an honest assessment of what an audience is likely to understand. This does not mean getting bogged down by stressing several isolated word pronunciations, although they should be mentioned, and assistance given, if the Deaf person indicates a desire to achieve more accurate pronunciation. It does mean giving frank feedback on the person's speech ability so that s/he can realistically make a decision on the feasibility of using his/her own voice during speeches.

Immediate feedback of the audience can give the speaker another cue as to how effective speech delivery was. If, for example, humor is used, note whether the audience quickly responds with a chuckle or laughter. Watch for

appropriate audience response, and if you do not get it, take that factor into consideration when making future decisions about using speech.

Another helpful technique for persons who wish to use their own voice is to ask a friend to sit in the back of the room and give signals to help monitor voice projection. Codes can be developed to cue the speaker as to whether his/her speech is being understood, whether s/he needs to lower or raise the voice, and so forth. This technique requires teamwork, and having quick solutions and alternatives available.

I would like to comment at this point that a few Deaf speakers have been able to successfully conduct their public speaking in simultaneous communication. A few hearing people are also able to do this. But these speakers constitute only a short list. Most speakers do not experience even a merely

satisfactory degree of effectiveness with simultaneous methods. More importantly, the audiences, both Deaf and hearing, have problems in understanding. This is usually due to a speaker's preoccupation with one modality over the other, i.e., signing over voicing or vice versa. In addition, there is also an "audience expectation" problem to be considered.

Deaf people in the audience expect a Deaf speaker to sign very well. At the same time, hearing people expect to hear and understand the Deaf speaker's spoken English. If a Deaf speaker decides to speak — and not sign — because he has good speech, and assumes the Deaf audience can "listen" to the interpreter, he may be accused of "snubbing" the Deaf audience. This can be considered an insult to the Deaf people present, quite obviously. In Deaf culture, it is a serious violation. If it is possible to make a choice, it is



An exercise to keep an audience awake . . . A challence to any interpreter to voice this.

(Photo by Lois E. Hoover)

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better for the Deaf speaker to sign and use a sign-to-voice interpreter rather than the other way around.

Whatever decision you make as a public speaker, bear in mind the eventual consequences of the chosen manner of delivery. Effective communication of the message should be the keystone of all decisions. While many Deaf people prefer direct rapport with speakers, the speakers must still honestly consider their own abilities in communicating in speech and sign. The speaker must ultimately decide whether or not to use an interpreter to make communication more effective.

Sizing up the whole picture continues to be a challenge, and it is a process that is repeated each time a speech is given. There are alternatives, and with creativity and effort, public speakers and public signers can measure up to the task at hand. I have mentioned only a few things that must be considered when we deliver our talks. Other things are equally important — personality, confidence, style and knowledge of the subject matter all affect effectiveness. They are all a part of keeping an audience enthralled — and awake!

Propp was right! Speakers should get the training first, then the interpreters, and finally the audience. How about a course in Public Signing?

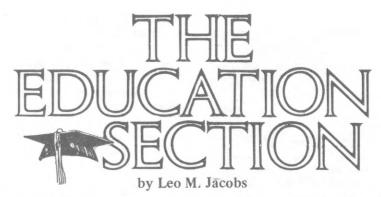
(Mr. Carter is the Director of the NAD Communicative Skills Program.)

he NAD Education Section
Board met in Rochester,
NY, last June in conjunction with the Convention of
American Instructors of the Deaf.
At that meeting Robert Anderson
of Illinois was welcomed to the
Board. He replaced Dr. George
Propp of Nebraska who could not
continue on the Board because of
an extremely busy schedule.

Past actions were reviewed and future plans outlined during the day. Alan Hurwitz, the NAD President-Elect; Robert Davila, Vice President for Pre-College Programs at Gallaudet College; and George Propp, President of the Convention of American Instructors of the Deaf, visited the meeting during the day to share their concerns with the Section Board.

A good part of the day was devoted to reviewing the position papers on education which had been assigned to the board members to create. These issues had been agreed upon at the initial meeting of the Section at the NAD Convention in Cincinnati in 1980:

The Residential School
The Least Restricted Environment
Mainstreaming
Individualized Educational Programs
Rights of Students
Definition of Total Communication
Definition of Deafness



Section 504 in Education Teacher Certification

First drafts had been written and were passed around among the board members for their feedback. Based on the reactions of the Board, second drafts were written incorporating changes which were agreeable to the composers.

At the last meeting the Board decided to narrow down the final editing to Dr. Peter Seiler and Mr. Robert Anderson for better consistency of form and ideas. After the final drafts are approved by the Section Board, they will be forwarded to the NAD Board for refinements before they are accepted as the NAD's official position papers on these educational issues.

In September, Dr. Peter Seiler, the Vice Chairman of the Education Section, and Alan Hurwitz, the NAD President-Elect, made a presentation to the Council of Education of the Deaf on admitting the National Association of

the Deaf as the chief spokesman of the deaf consumer to the Council as a full participating organization. The final answer will be forthcoming somewhere in the spring of 1982.

Robert Anderson has been selected to head a Concerns Committee to review the concerns expressed by the section members. These concerns will be assigned priorities by the committee, and in the future the committee will consider these concerns and the issues they raise. The committee will initiate action on these issues if it seems justified.

Lyle Hinks will head the Law Committee. He will welcome suggestions for changes in the Section By-laws for consideration by his committee.

Leo Jacobs will take care of nominations for the Education Section Board for the next term. He will welcome them from any NAD member in good standing. These positions are: Chairman, Vice Chairman, Secretary-Treasurer, and a Board member from each one of the four NAD regions. These nominations should come well in advance of the 1982 NAD Convention in St. Louis. March 1, 1982, is a good cutoff date.

The Education Section will hold a meeting from 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Tuesday, July 6, 1982, at the NAD Convention in St. Louis. Please plan to attend. There are crises occurring in the education of deaf children and adults due to financial belt-tightening in all sectors of the government and in public agencies. This is resulting in half-baked schemes by authorities who know very little about the ramifications of deafness.

We need not only your numbers but also your concern and assistance. Come and join the Education Section. It is only two dollars for each advancing member of the NAD until the St. Louis convention.

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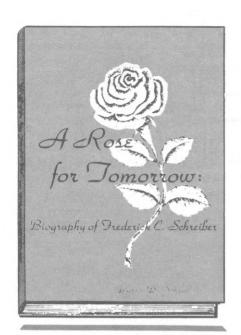
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Please hurry, applications are due by March 30, 1982.



r. Jerome D. Schein, Director, Deafness Research & Training Center, New York University, has written a biography of the late Frederick C. Schreiber, who served as Executive Secretary of the National Association of the Deaf from 1966 to 1979.

Chapters I and II provide factual information about the life of this world-renowned leader. The reader learns about the attack of meningitis and Schreiber's subsequent deafness which occurred when he was six and a half years of age. Because of other problems caused by meningitis, he was sent to a school for crippled children where his deafness did not seem to be too much of a problem.

When he returned to public school, he could not follow events that were occurring around him on the playground and in the classroom. Although he had, of necessity, become a fairly good lipreader, it was in this setting that he began to comprehend the meaning of deafness, for his parents had been advised not to discuss this disability with him but to treat him as if he were "normal." Fortunately, at age 13, he went to Fanwood, a school for deaf children near New York City. There he learned the value of clear communication when signs and speech are combined. He tolerated school as being necessary but, early in life, wanted to get on to more important matters.

These chapters also portray his establishing a family and the sequence of jobs which he held early in his career. They depict his intellectual awakening to a wide range of social issues and problems which he experienced in a society oriented to hearing people. In 1949, he attended the NAD Convention in Cleveland for the first time. It was here that he saw the potential of a national organization and a means for an expression of his own values.

veloping loyalty, winning the attention of a massive federal bureaucracy, interfacing with professional persons serving deaf people, striving for acceptance of clear communication, and guiding the organization through several stages of painful growth until it reached national stature and obtained international recognition. It is a story of a man who would succeed regardless of the odds and with no thought of personal sacrifice. Fortunately he

A Rose for Tomorrow BIOGRAPHY OF FREDERICK C. SCHREIBER

A Book Review by Edward C. Merrill, Jr.

He firmly believed that deaf people could have a viable national organization with a home office; that it could provide a means of expressing opinions and sharing information through a major publication; and that deaf people nationally could take positions on public policy issues which influence their lives. He began to move more and more into organizational activities. Through these chapters we see his increasing commitment to develop an organization that would represent the long-neglected interests of deaf people throughout the nation.

he following chapters describe the evolution of Fred Schreiber's professional life and the growth and development of the National Association of the Deaf. The professional life of the individual was so inextricably intertwined with that of the organization that to speak of one is to speak of the other. These chapters portray the challenges which confronted the executive of an emerging national organization which was trying to build a truly representative structure and at the same time command respect, have an impact on public policy, and make a difference to deaf people in practical terms.

Dr. Schreiber confronted all of the issues: obtaining financial support, de-

had an understanding and supportive family which freed him still further to follow his commitment and to apply his organizational ingenuity.

Included in the book are selected papers that Mr. Schreiber gave on different occasions. These papers constitute not only his position on various issues but represent a fascinating framework of policy. For example, one paper is entitled, "The Deaf Adult's Point of View." He outlines the right of every deaf person to have clear communication. He supports speech and lipreading, but he does not want any deaf person's future to be sacrificed because he may not speak or lipread well.

He gives a vivid opinion of the "hearing world" in which he chastises the advocates of integration by raising the rhetorical question of when was the last time they invited a deaf person to a social event at their homes. These papers indicate the depth of his understanding of key issues and his fearlessness in presenting his position in a way which would confront anyone who opposed him.

The final chapter of the book is composed of statements which were presented by representatives of 10 dif-

¹Presented at the Teacher Institute, Maryland School for the Deaf, Frederick, MD, October 17, 1979.

ferent organizations at a memorial service held for him on the campus of Gallaudet College where he received his baccalaureate degree. These statements not only show the breadth of his involvement and the respect which he generated, but they also portray his many-faceted personality. Although they raise the emotional tone of the book, it is most fortunate that these statements are available to a wide reading audience.

Perhaps this review should point up two limitations which are inevitable. The first stems from the fact that the author was a close personal and professional friend of Frederick C. Schreiber and not a truly objective biographer. This relationship provided the author with a vast store of factual information which has been used well and which would have been difficult or impossible to obtain by another individ-

ual. It has also resulted in a book in which affection and friendship flow throughout the prose; however, this is in no way objectionable. As persons unacquainted with either the subject or the author read this biography, they will receive a uniquely human picture of the man.

A second limitation stems from the immediacy of the book. This biography appeared in print a short two years after Dr. Schreiber passed away. The biographer writes with ease from factual materials and from his personal contacts with the subject. On the other hand, it is difficult to know at this time the long-range effect of Dr. Schreiber's contributions to the National Association of the Deaf and to the larger society in which he functioned so dynamically. Perhaps 20 or 30 years from now another biography of Dr. Schreiber will be written. It will be written by a scholar who never experienced the warmth, humor, and energy of Frederick C. Schreiber as a person. The biographer will look quite objectively at the various roles he played, the obstacles he overcame, and the success he achieved. He will then search for words to describe a truly great American, even greater in stature than can be conceived of at this writing.

The title of the book A Rose for Tomorrow, is unusual even though Dr. Schreiber's affinity for roses was widely known. When one reads the biography, however, it is clear that the title is most appropriate: Frederick C. Schreiber truly did leave a rose—and all that such a beautiful flower can symbolize—for everyone, deaf and hearing persons alike, for tomorrow!

(Dr. Merrill is the President of Gallaudet College in Washington, DC.)



Position Announcement:

DEAN OF THE COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

Gallaudet College is a fully accredited, multi-purpose institution of higher education serving the needs of the hearing impaired. The College of Arts and Sciences includes divisions of Sciences, Social Sciences, and Humanities. Masters programs are offered in School Psychology and Business Administration.

The Dean is responsible for administration, supervision, and leadership in the College of Arts and Sciences. As the chief executive officer of the College of Arts and Sciences, the Dean assumes responsibility for the execution of policies, regulations, and professional matters within the unit. The Dean will have substantial contact with students, faculty, and departments and will work with the other Deans and faculty committees that are active in recommending academic policies. In addition, the Dean must be qualified to teach at least one course a year within the College of Arts and Sciences. The Dean reports directly to the Vice President for Academic Affairs.

Applicants should possess an earned doctorate from an accredited institution, evidence of academic leadership, and proven teaching skill. An enthusiastic commitment to the undergraduate academic program of educationally disadvantaged groups is required. Experience with such groups is highly desirable. Applicants should demonstrate the ability to provide insightful leadership and direction to both undergraduate and graduate programs.

The ability to converse in Sign Language or the willingness to learn is required. Persons who are hearing impaired or possess Sign Language skills are especially encouraged to apply. Salary is highly competitive; rank in an academic department is negotiable. This position is available on July 1, 1982.

Applications should include a letter of interest, vita, and the names of three references. The deadline for the receipt of applications is April 15, 1982. All material should be directed to:

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The National Association of the Deaf is a unique organization in that it is an organization that supports itself. We do not exist through government contracts but rather through income we earn from our Publishing Division. Since this division makes possible the services and programs of the organization, we thought you might be interested in learning more about the workings of this department of the NAD.

The NAD Publishing Division

Why was the Publishing Division started?

The Publishing Division was started by the former Executive Director, Frederick C. Schreiber. Fred saw two very important needs that were waiting to be fulfilled. First, the NAD needed a sound way to support itself since government funding was being cut back. Second, there was a need for books on deafness and Sign Language — the large publishers were not responding to this need. Thus the Publishing Division was born.

Is publishing the chief function of this department?

Yes and no. While we spend a good deal of time publishing materials, this is not our only function. We also serve as a distributor for other publishers. We currently sell more than 200 titles from various publishers.

How does the NAD sell its materials?

The majority of our sales come through our mail order book business. We print a catalog of publications twice a year. This catalog lists all NAD published materials and also the latest material from our publishers. We are processing over 1,000 orders per month. We also operate a small bookstore in Halex House which is open to the public Monday through Friday.

Who buys books from the NAD?

Our major purchasers are college bookstores followed by schools, organizations, libraries, hospitals, vocational rehabilitation agencies, and individuals across the United States.

How do we process the orders?

All of our orders are now processed through a computer. We have two staff members who devote the major part of their day to processing these orders.

How long does it take to fill an order?

We are striving to process and ship all orders within 72 hours from the time the order is received. All orders within the U.S. are shipped via United Parcel Service.

Does the NAD give discounts on book purchases?

All NAD members receive a discount in NAD-published books that are purchased for their own use. All bookstores, schools, and organizations are given a 20 percent discount on quantity orders of 5 or more of each title published by the NAD. Libraries receive a 10 percent discount on all NAD-published materials purchased in any quantity.

What kinds of books are published by the NAD?

We publish books that are in any way related to deafness; specifically in the following areas: 1) Sign Language, 2) Deaf Adults, 3) Deaf Children, 4) Education, 5) Rehabilitation, 6)

Research, 7) Biographies, and 8) Novels, poetry, stories, etc., written by and about deaf people.

How many books are published each year?

The number of books published per year varies. In 1980, we published 8 new titles. In 1981, we published 3 titles. We normally do not limit ourselves to a specific number of books to be published per year.

How does the NAD decide what to publish?

All manuscripts submitted are reviewed both in-house and outside of the NAD. Within the NAD, materials are reviewed by the Executive Director, the Director of the Communicative Skills Program, and the Director of Publications. We also seek reviewers from outside of the NAD who are knowledgeable in the specific subject matter of the manuscript. These reviewers determine if the subject material is accurate and worthwhile.

What are some of the specific criteria used to accept or reject a manuscript?

After the reviewers have presented a favorable review, we look more closely at the manuscript. Some specific considerations are: 1) What type of market will this material serve?, 2) How large is the market?, 3) Is there a need for this material?, and 4) How much will it cost to produce?

Who can submit manuscripts?

Anyone who has a manuscript which would aid deaf people and the field of deafness, should submit their manuscript to us.

What are the total yearly sales figures?

We sold \$914,680.11 worth of books and materials in fiscal year 1980.

What is this money used for?

The profits earned from book sales are used to provide the services and programs of this organization. Therefore, all purchases that you make help support the NAD. An example of the activities and services provided are as follows:

Information from the NAD about deafness and deaf people.

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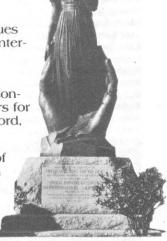
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Sports by Art Kruger

The U.S. wrestling team possessed two different personalities. It was two teams rolled into one . . . the proverbial Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde.

During the day on the campus of North Carolina School for the Deaf for three weeks, the American grapplers were a serious cast of dedicated, disciplined wrestlers. Led by coaches Bob Getchell and Marty Willigan, the squad went through grueling workouts, sweating, grunting and groaning for the better part of the day. Many wrestlers needed to diet heavily to achieve their desired weight class. Others needed to gain weight. The chore was tough.

At night the team changed. It was transformed from the camp's hardest workers to the camp's collective good humor men. Perhaps the fun and games

were an extension of Getchell and Willigan's personalities. Perhaps not. Whatever the reason, the wrestlers managed to keep the camp dining room lighthearted and high-spirited.

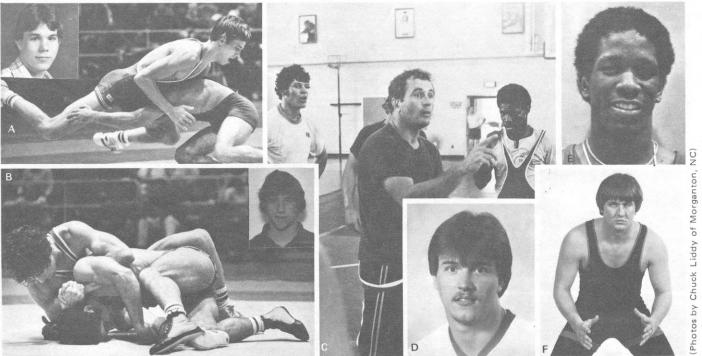
Prior to our departure for Cologne, we had an interview with Bob Getchell, a 47-year-old Babylon, NY native and athletic director and former wrestling coach at Hofstra University, who said, "We're a lot better, no question about it. This is the best group of wrestlers we've ever had."

No wonder the American wrestlers helped the United States cart off a record total of 109 first, second and third place prizes to easily outdistance the Russians for the top team honors. The U.S. grapplers earned a total of 15 medals. This was their best showing since

(A) THEY FINALLY BEAT THE RUS-SIANS FOR MOST MEDALS WON IN THE WORLD GAMES FOR THE DEAF. They represented the finest USA wrestling team ever, and the matmen are, from left to right: KNEELING - Coach Marty Willigan, Columbia, MD; Andy McNerney, Shoreham, NY; Manager Todd Richey, Phippsburg, CO; Jack Barron, Jr., Council Bluffs, IA; Dale Krzmarzick, Rainier, OR; and Coach Bob Getchell, Babylon, NY. STANDING - Jesus Contreras, Denver, CO; Greg Watkins, Springfield Gardens, NY; Duane Meyer, Britt, IA; Tom Schlotthauer, Jr., Belgium, WI; Marty Yu, Tacoma, WA; Walter Von Feldt, Colorado Springs, CO; John Reid, Rochester, NY; Wade Sandoval, Antonito, CO; Lewis Parry, Tulsa, OK; Nate Van De Graaf, Glencoe, IL; and Bob Mansell, Mokena, IL. (Insert) RAY-MOND DALE KRZMARZICK, 20, of Rainier, Oregon, and now a junior at Oregon State University, was trying to pin another opponent from Iran in the finals of the lightweight freestyle class, but managed to defeat Keyvan Karamad 11-6 for a gold medal. Krzmarzick dominated the match throughout. Dale was National Junior USWF Greco-Roman Champion in 1979.

wrestling was adopted as an official sport of the World Games in 1961.

In the Greco-Roman wrestling, the U.S. matmen set a record for most medals with seven. Greco-Roman style,



(A) JACK BARRON, JR., 17, from Council Bluffs, IA, was trying to pin Russian Viktor Musaev in the bantamweight freestyle class, and he did for the third American gold. Barron had a two-year record of 63-1 as a varsity wrestler at the Iowa School for the Deaf. His only loss was at the state Class A finals, when he learned his favorite grandfather passed away, but managed to place third. He was state champion in his freshman year. He is now a transfer student at the Model Secondary School for the Deaf in Washington, DC, so as to be near his two sisters who are students at Gallaudet College. His parents, both employed at ISD, are also deaf, (B) ANDY MCNERNEY of Shoreham, NY, managed to get a good grasp on his opponent from Iran and captured a gold medal in the featherweight freestyle class with a 10-4 victory over Hamolah Charalou. McNerney trailed 4-0 in the early going but rallied for 10 consecutive points. Deaf since birth and now 19 years old, Andy is a member of the Harvard University varsity wrestling team. The sophomore, a physics major, has a 27-6 record in two seasons, placing him among the top East Coast college wrestlers. As a prepster, he was New York state champion. (C) ASSISTANT COACH MARTY WILLIGAN, an NCAA finalist in 1969 and gold medalist in the past two WGD in 1969 and 1973, tells the US matmen during training camp at NCSD as follows: "The whole key for our team is for us to adjust to the international style of wrestling. The key is adjustment. We gotta get used to head butts, slaps and things like that. Those Russians are going to come in, lift you up and throw you over. They aren't going to be a lot of fancy stuff. They take wrestling seriously in the Soviet Union." The American grapplers did listen as they helped the US win the championship of the World Games with 15 medals. UNDEFEATED DEAF PREP WRESTLERS WHO MADE GOOD AT COLOGNE — (D) THOMAS SCHLOTTHAUER, JR., 18-year-old senior at Wisconsin School for the Deaf, from Belgium, WI, won the state Class A championship in the heavyweight class an

which is not the Americans' forte, is the classic style in Europe and Asia. And the U.S. wrestling team finally was the top entry in the freestyle, tying with Iran for most medals won — eight each. Below will show how the Americans improved a lot...

1961 - Russia 15, USA 9

1965 - Russia 16, Iran 10, USA 9

1969 - Russia 15, Iran 10, Bulgaria 8, USA 4

1973 - Russia 19, USA 13

1977 - Russia 17, Iran 13, USA 12

And now take a look at the medal standings in wrestling at the Cologne Games:

Nation	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total	
USA	3	6	6	=	15
Iran	7	5	2	=	14
USSR	4	2	6	=	12
Bulgaria	2	5	4	=	11
Yugoslavia	4	0	2	=	6
New Zealand	d 0	2	0	=	2
Totals	20	20	20	=	60

Surprisingly, the Americans meshed best with the Iranian matmen. Every group was different. The Russians were very quiet and reserved, for example, while the Iranians were very friendly and outgoing. The Americans seemed to get along with the Iranians and perhaps the Italians better than the other groups.

However, it didn't work that way with *all* Iranians. There were a lot of them going to school in Cologne who were very anti-American. There are about 8,000 hearing students from Iran and several of them tried to start riots. Their demonstrations caused enough trouble at some points that we had to have police escorts. But the Iranian deaf athletes themselves were very friendly to us.

Our wrestling competition at Sprothalle Ehrenfeld across the Rhine river was very well attended. For the finals, it was standing room only packed with Iranians and Americans, as well as sev-

eral television cameras. Wrestling is very popular in Cologne.

We finally had a chance to attend the finals of freestyle wrestling. That was on Wednesday, July the 29th, and it was a memorable evening for us as we saw the Americans win three gold medals and four silvers in their most impressive performance in freestyle competition ever.

The medal winners in wrestling are as follows:

Greco-Roman Wrestling

PAPERWEIGHT (48 kg. or 105.8 lb.) — 1) Erdebi Sandor (Yugoslavia, 2) Duane Meyer (USA), 3) Mehdi Pishkar (Iran). FLYWEIGHT (52 kg. or 114.6 lb.) — 1) Hossain Kashmarri (Iran), 2) Sava lakimov (Bulgaria), 3) Marty Yu (USA). BANTAMWEIGHT (57 kg. or 125.6 lb.) — 1) Atanas Dimitrov (Bulgaria), 2) Ahmed Bahrami (Iran), 3) Yuri Uskov (USSR); no USA entry. FEATHERWEIGHT (62 kg. or 136.7 lb.) — 1) Jacob Dusko (Yugoslavia), 2) Nedjatin Redjebov (Bulgaria), 3) John Reid (USA). LIGHTWEIGHT (68 kg. or 149.9 lb.) — 1) Serguei Smolenski (USSR), 2) Dale Krzmarzick (USA), 3) Petrovic Stevan (Yugoslavia), WELTERWEIGHT (74 kg. or 163.1 lb.) — 1) Knezevic Mirko (Yugoslavia),

2) Reza Nouzar (Iran), 3) Gregory Watkins (US A). MIDDLEWEIGHT (82 kg. or 180.8 lb.) — 1) Vilmos Karoj (Yugoslavia), 2) Kosrow Karamad (Iran), 3) Leonid Bogdanov (USSR). Wade Sandoval of USA was fourth. LIGHT HEAVY-WEIGHT (90 kg. or 198.4 lb.) — 1) Ebrahim Zafarnavai (Iran), 2) Robert Algie (New Zealand), 3) Vladimir Gogov (Bulgaria). Walter Von Feldt of USA, a four-time WGD entrant, placed sixth. HEAVYWEIGHT (100 kg. or 220.5 lb.) — 1) Magomed Kiczov (USSR), 2) Ivan Totolakov (Bulgaria), 3) Nathan Van De Graaf (USA). SUPER HEAVYWEIGHT (over 100 kg. or over 220.5 lb.) — 1) Vassili Panin (USSR), 2) Vassil Tascher (Bulgaria), 3) Thomas Schlotthauer (USA)

Freestyle Wrestling

PAPERWEIGHT (48 kg. or 105.8 lb.) — 1) Mehdi Pishkar (Iran), 2) Duane Meyer (USA), 3) Ioriz Haschimov (Bulgaria). FLYWEIGHT (52 kg. or 114.6 lb.) — 1) Hossain Kashmarri (Iran), 2) Iordan Bojilov (Bulgaria), 3) Bakhrom Barakaev (USSR); Marty Yu of USA was fifth. BAN-

TAMWEIGHT (57 kg. or 125.6) — 1) Jack Barron (USA), 2) Viktor Musaev (USSR), 3) Mehdi Pasha (Iran). FEATHERWEIGHT (62 kg. or 136.7 lb.) — 1) Andrew McNerney (USA), 2) Hamolah Charalou (Iran), 3) Nedjatin Redjebov (Bulgaria). LIGHTWEIGHT (68 kg. or 149.9 lb.) — 1) Dale Krzmarzic (USA), 2) Keyvan Karamad (Iran), 3) Mikhail Kvlividze (USSR). WELTERWEIGHT (74 kg. or 163.1 lb.) — 1) Reza Nozar (Iran), 2) Jesus Contreras (USA), 3) Valeri Ritzhov (USSR). MIDDLEWEIGHT (82 kg. or 180.8 lb.) — 1) Khossrow Karamad (Iran), 2) Leonid Khomutov (USSR), 3) Lewis Parry (USA).

LIGHT HEAVYWEIGHT (90 kg. or 198.4 lb.) — 1) Ebrahim Zafar (Iran), 2) Robert Algie (New Zealand), 3) Leonid Bogdanov (USSR); Robert Mansell of USA placed fourth. HEAVYWEIGHT (100 kg. or 220.5 lb.) — 1) Ivan Totolakov (Bulgaria), 2) Nathan Van De Graaf (USA), 3) Narandzic Bora (Yugoslavia). SUPER HEAVYWEIGHT (over 100 kg. or over 220.5 lb.) — 1) Vassili Panin (USSR), 2) Thomas Schlotthauer (USA), 3) Vasil Taschev (Bulgaria).

Other nations participating in wresling, but failing to win a medal, were Italy, Israel, Canada and West Germany.

Originally the United States had a 17-man wrestling team, but three men did not compete. One chose not to go even though there was \$4,000 for him. The other was homesick after one week of training and went back home. The third, Todd Richey, a 16-year-old wrestler from Phippsburg, CO, failed to meet the CISS hearing requirement, but went with the team as manager and served very capably. He was state Class A wrestling champion in the 112-pound division while performing for Soroco High in Oak Creek, CO, last year. He had learned Sign Language very well.

Osborne Wins First USA Gold

in Tennis

Jeff Osborne is a tennis player, pure and simple. He serves. He volleys. He grunts. He even cusses once in a while.

And Jeff was serious. He was serious about winning a gold medal at the 14th World Games for the Deaf held at Cologne, West Germany, July 23 to August 1, 1981. In fact, the 5-foot-11, 165-pound Californian was the first athlete to arrive in Morganton, NC.

When the other male and female selectees from across the United States arrived on the NCSD campus on June 29th, Osborne had three weeks of practice under his belt. He came early to get used to clay surfaces. His grandparents live in Morganton, giving him a place to bed down at night. But during the day, it was all tennis. And when the athletes arrived in Morganton, Jeff joined them at NCSD for three additional weeks of training.

At one point we were able to talk with this Sacramento native.

"The courts in West Germany are the real slow, red kind of clay," said Osborne. "Even slower than the courts in Morganton and Ashville. This is the first time I've ever played on clay in my life. Coming from California, I've only played on hard (cement) courts. It's really hard to serve and volley, which is the kind of tennis I'm used to, on courts this slow."

Nevertheless, we were impressed because he was confident to the point of cockiness. "I was told no American has ever won the men's singles as well as men's doubles titles in the World Games before," Jeff said. "I'm going to

be the first. I'm playing in the doubles and mixed doubles, too, and we're going to win both of those as well — three gold medals."

Osborne certainly had the record to back up his prognostications. After an outstanding four-year varsity career at La Sierra High School, he was 33-0 as the No. 4 player his freshman year at American River Junior College in Sacramento and 23-6 as the No. 3 player his sophomore season. He was seeded number-one on the U.S. men's tennis team. He achieved the ranking by defeating two-time World Games finalist 37-year-old David Stevenson of St. Augustine, FL, 6-1, 6-2 at the U.S. WGD tryouts in Wichita Falls, TX, in the summer of 1980.

"I'm going over to Cologne to win it. I'm not going to goof off," Jeff said. He did!

The U.S. team has many golden memories during the two weeks at the XIV World Games for the Deaf, but perhaps most memorable of all occurred Monday, July 27, 1981.

Unseeded 21-year-old Jeff Osborne survived crippling leg cramps to defeat top-seeded Pier Paolo Ricci-Bitti of Italy 7-5, 5-7, 7-6, 5-7, 6-4 to win the gold medal in men's singles competition.

The 4½-hour match gave the U.S. its first gold medal ever in Deaf Olympic men's singles competition. Osborne



AMERICA'S NEWEST TENNIS STAR – Jeff Osborne, 21, from Citrus Heights, CA. Here he struggles and wins the first US tennis gold by defeating the two-time WGD men's singles champion from Italy.

stuggled in the early games but came on strong to win a 7-5 first set. Ricci-Bitti, a 32-year-old winner of two gold medals in the past two World Games, who was undefeated in singles competition among the deaf in the world in the past eight years, rallied in the second set, 7-5.

Osborne tallied a 7-6 win in the tiebreaker to take the third set, and appeared to have the game and fourth set in hand with a 5-3 advantage and the

THE DEAF AMERICAN .

serve. But leg cramps gave Ricci-Bitti the opportunity to rally and score a 7-5 win.

Osborne was on the verge of defaulting the match when salt medication was given and the West German officials allowed him a 10-minute rest period. Osborne broke the Italian's service in the fifth game of the final set, and won easily 6-4.

About 1,000 fans at the beautiful Stadion Rot-Weib in the Mungersdorfer Stadion sports complex applauded Osborne as he fell to the clay surface after the match.

The next day, Jeff Osborne teamed with Jeff Wasserman of Cincinnati, Ohio, to defeat Italians Ricci-Bitti and Federico Siccardi, 3-6, 7-5, 6-3, 6-1. This Italian pair was men's doubles champion the past two World Games, and Siccardi was a four-time WGD men's singles titleholder from 1957 to 1969. Wasserman, a 23-year-old NTID

graduate and number-two on the U.S. men's tennis team, was in some ways a lot like his doubles partner. No wonder the two Jeffs made a fine doubles team. And this was the first gold medal win ever for the United States in the men's doubles competition in the World Games.

And on Wednesday, July the 29th, Jeff Osborne completed a clean sweep of the gold medals as he paired with Diane Spalding from Wichita Falls, TX, for an easy 6-4, 6-2 decision over the defending champion Italian duo of Ricci-Bitti and Marina Rocco.

The American pair from Johnson City, TN, Robbie Carmichael and Debra Evans, gave the United States its second straight 1-2 sweep and its fourth consecutive title in women's doubles by defeating another American team of Diane Spalding and Suzanne Garner, both from Texas, in the finals, 6-2, 6-0.

Marina Rocco of Italy successfully

defended her WGD women's singles crown by beating Heidi Stilling, the newest tennis star from West Germany, in the finals, 6-4, 6-2.

Rocco was the reason why the United States failed to make a clean sweep in tennis. After losing to Rocco in the semifinals, Robbie Carmichael upset Diane Spalding, the number-one American woman tennis player for four years, for the bronze medal. The United States, however, had Mary Ann Szilagyi, then 20, from Milwaukee, WI, who won the world women's singles title in 1961, and Gwen Alabaster from Briarcliffe Manor, NY (now Mrs. La Rocque) was deaf tennis queen of the world in 1969.

The final medal tally in tennis:

Nation	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total		
USA	4	1	1	=	6	
Italy	1	3	1	=	5	
W. Germany	0	1	3	=	4	
Totals	5	5	5	=	15	

Men's Singles

Jeffrey Osborne (USA) beat Robert Isaac-Cole (Great Britain), 6-2, 6-2; Jean-Pierre Goussin (France), 6-1, 6-1; Federico Siccardi (Italy), 6-1, 6-1; Klaus Gervers (West Germany), 6-4, 6-1; and Pier Paolo Ricci-Bitti (Italy), 7-5, 5-7, 7-6, 5-7, 6-4, in finals. Klaus Gervers (West Germany) beat Jean-Claude Biernaux (Belgium), 6-2, 6-2, for third place. Jeffrey Wasserman (USA) defeated John Lintott (Great Britain), 6-0, 6-0, in round one, but was beaten in a very tough match against Klaus Gervers of West Germany in round two, 6-7, 7-6, 4-6. Kerry Belser (USA) beat Ernesto Ventos of Spain in round one, 6-3, 1-6, 6-2, but was defeated in round two by Jose Quintero of Venezuela, 4-6, 2-6.

Final standings: 1) Jeffrey Osborne (USA); 2) Pier Paolo Ricci-Bitti (Italy); 3) Klaus Gervers (West Germany); 4) Jean-Claude Biernaux (Belgium); 5) Federico Siccardi (Italy); 6) Jose Quintero (Venezuela).

Women's Singles

Marina Rocco (Italy) beat Josette Robinson (Belgium), 6-0, 6-0; Robbie Carmichael (USA), 6-2, 6-0; and Heidi Stilling (West Germany), 6-4, 6-2, in finals. Robbie Carmichael (USA) beat Diane Spalding (USA) 4-6, 7-6, 7-6, for third place. Diane Spalding defeated Monique Guenin (Switzerland), 6-0, 6-0, in round two, but was beaten by Heidi Stilling (West Germany), 1-6, 2-6, in semifinals. Robbie Carmichael beat Linda Cundy (Canada), 6-4, 6-2, in round two, before losing to Marina Rocco in the semifinals. Debra Evans (USA) defeated Brigitte Mahe (France) in round one, 6-0, 6-0, but was beaten by Heide Stilling (West Germany) in round two, 7-6, 3-6, 6-1

Final standings: 1) Marina Rocco (Italy); 2) Heidi Stilling (West Germany); 3) Robbie Carmichael (USA); 4) Diane Spalding (USA); 5) Sybille Schweinbach (West Germany); 6) Ines Nattero (Italy).

Men's Doubles

Jeffrey Osborne/Jeffrey Wasserman (USA) beat Robert Cundy/Don McCarthy (Canada), 6-2, 6-3; Robert Isaac-Cole/John Lintott (Great Britain), 6-2, 6-3; Jean-Claude Biernaux/Lucien Gerin (Belgium), 6-1, 6-1; and Pier Paolo Ricci-Bitti/Federico Siccardi (Italy) in finals, 3-6, 7-5,



6-3, 6-1. The other USA doubles combination of Kerry Belser and Christopher Spalding was beaten in round one by Daniel Abbou/Jean Goussin (France), 3-6, 5-7. Klaus Gervers/Detlef Heymann (West Germany) defeated Jean Biernaux/Lucien Gerin (Belgium) for third place. 2-6 7-6 6-3

Final standings: 1) Osborne/Wasserman (US A); 2) Ricci-Bitti/Siccardi (Italy); 3) Gervers/ Heymann (West Germany); 4) Biernaux/Gerin

(Belgium); 5) Isaac-Cole/Lintott (Great Britain): 6) Cranswick/McLaughlin (Canada).

Women's Doubles

Robbie Carmichael/Debra Evans (USA) defeated Amalia Sanchez/Bendeguz (Venezuela). 6-0, 6-0; Amanda Crookston/Hennessey (Great Britain), 6-1, 6-1; Marina Rocco/Ines Nattero (Italy), 6-1, 6-0; and Diane Spalding/Suzanne Garner in finals, 6-2, 6-0. Before meeting Carmichael/Evans in the finals, Spalding/Garner defeated Maria Morles/Maria Grau (Spain), 6-0. 6-0: Linda Cundy/Cheryl Winter (Canada), 6-2, 6-1; and Heidi Stilling/Sybille Schweinbach (West Germany), 4-6, 6-2, 6-4. Rocco/Nattero defeated Stilling /Schweinbach for third place. 6-2, 6-3.

Final standings: 1) Carmichael/Evans (USA): 2) Spalding/Garner (USA); 3) Rocco/Nattero (Italy); 4) Stilling/Schweinbach (West Germany); 5) Hennessey/Crookston (Great Britain); 6) Winter/Cundy (Canada).



BEST USA TENNIS TEAM EVER IN THE WORLD GAMES FOR THE DEAF - These players set a record with 4 gold medals and individually they earned a total of 10 medals (7 gold, 2 silver and 1 bronze). They are, from left to right: Jeff Wasserman, Cincinnati, OH; Debra Evans, Johnson City, TN; Jeff Osborne, Citrus Heights, CA; Suzanne Garner, Arlington, TX; Coach John Simmons, Wichita Falls, TX; Diane Spalding, Wichita Falls, TX; Kerry Belser, Monterey, CA; Robbie Carmichael, Johnson City, TN; and Christopher Spalding,

Wichita Falls, TX

Mixed Doubles

Jeffrey Osborne/Diane Spalding (USA) defeated Ernesto Ventos/Maria Morales (Spain), 6-2, 6-1; Federico Siccardi/Ines Nattero (Italy), 6-1, 6-1; Klaus Gervers/Heidi Stilling (West Germany), 6-2, 7-6; and Pier Paolo Ricci-Bitti/Marina Rocco in finals, 6-4, 6-2. Mr. & Mrs. Robert Cundy (Canada) lost to Gervers/Stilling (West Germany) for third place, 0-6, 6-7. The other USA mixed doubles of Christopher Spalding/ Suzanne Garner was beaten by the Cundys, 2-6, 2-6, in the opening round.

Final standings: 1) Osborne/Spalding (USA); 2) Ricci-Bitti/Rocco; 3) Gervers/Stilling (West Germany); 4) Cundy/Cundy (Canada); 5) Siccardi/Nattero (Italy); 6) Hebbs/Hennessey (Great Britain)

John Simmons, a 40-year-old teaching pro from the Hamilton Park Tennis Center in Wichita Falls, TX, was the coach of the U.S. tennis team. He usually doesn't speak in exaggerations. But looking at his young, but talented, net corps when they arrived at Morganton he was impressed. "You expect any athlete at this level to report in good shape, but these kids came here in real good shape," said Simmons. He got them to spend two-thirds less time on conditioning and more time on tennis. He also got the U.S. netters, four men and four women, to become acclimated to playing on clay courts in just three weeks.

The team used two private clay courts at the homes of two Morganton residents and drove an hour each day to practice on Asheville's more plentiful clay courts. They even participated in the Asheville Open Tennis Championships which ran July 11-14 (juniors) and July 15-19 (adults).

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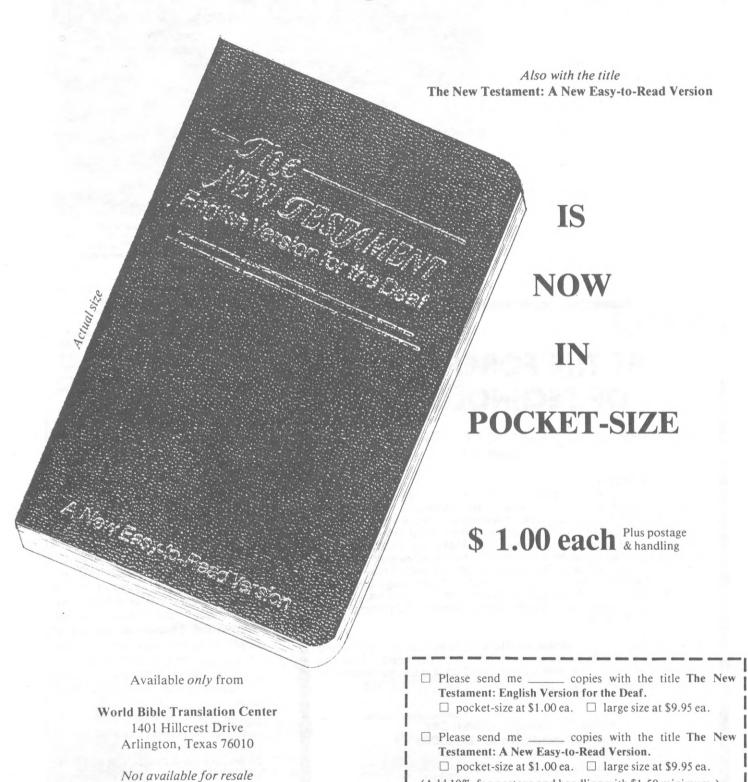
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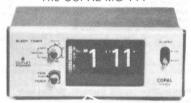
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Sunday Evening Worship - 7:00 P.M

MORGAN CITY: First Baptist Church Deaf Ministry 822 East Boulevard Morgan City, Louisiana 70380 504/384-5920 504/384-5920 Sunday School - 9:45 A.M. Sunday Morning Worship - 11:00 A.M. Sunday Evening Worship - 7:00 P.M. Wednesday Prayer Service - 7:15 P.M. NATCHITOCHES: First Baptist Church Deaf Ministry 508 Second Street Natchitoches, Louisiana 71457 318/352-3737 Sunday School - 9:40 A.M. Sunday Morning Worship - 11:00 A.M. (Partial interpretation for children with an extended session)

NEW ORLEANS: Rantist Deaf Mission 6118 Canal Boulevard New Orleans, Louisiana 70124 504/482-3109 Voice/TTY 504/486-6231 Voice/TTY Sunday School - 9:15 A.M. Sunday Morning Worship - 10:30 A.M. Sunday Norshing Worship - 6:00 P.M. Wednesday Prayer Service - 7:00 P.M. Office Open Monday - Friday-Movies on 2nd and 4th Weekend of each month Regular Sunday Evening Fellowships DUSTON-

RUSTON: First Baptist Church Deaf Ministry 200 South Trenton Ruston, Louisiana 71270 318/255-4628 SHREVEPORT: First Baptist Church Deaf Mission First Baptist Church Dear Mission 543 Ockley Drive Shreveport, Louisiana 71106 318/865-0994 TTY or Voice Sunday School - 9:45 A.M. Dodd Hall No. 125 Morning Worship - 11:00 A.M. - Frost Chapel Evening Worship - 7:00 P.M. - Dodd Hall No. 125

Wednesday Family Supper - 5:00 P.M. -Fellowship Hall Bible Study - 6:45 P.M. - Fellowship Hall No. 6 Friday Recreation Night - 7:00 P.M. Activity Building (once a month) Captioned Films - 7:00 P.M. - Dodd Hall No. 125 (twice a month)

CALVARY RAPTIST CHURCH Corner Cleveland & Osceola, Downtown Clearwater, Fla.

Services interpreted for the deaf 9:30 a.m., Sunday School; 11:00 a.m., Morning Worship; 11:00 a.m., Live Color-TV-Channel 10

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

529 Convention St., Baton Rouge, La. 70821
Separate services in the Deaf Chapel, third floor,
Palmer Memorial Bldg. Sunday School, 9:00 a.m.,
for all ages. Worship services, 10:30 a.m.,
Telephone (504) 383-8566 (Voice or TTY)

TABERNACLE BAPTIST CHURCH Derry Rd., Rts. 102, Hudson, N.H. 03051

Pastor: Arlo Elam rastor: Ario Elam
Interpreters: Frank and Carol Robertson
603-883-4850 TTY or voice
All services interpreted for deaf. Sunday: Bible
Study at 9:45 a.m.; worship at 11:00 a.m. and 6:00
p.m. Wednesday: Evening service 7:00 p.m.

FIVE POINTS MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH

502 Jordan Street at the corner of Sauls Wilson, NC 27893 (919) 243-4149

> Welcomes You! Sunday School 9:45 a.m. Morning Worship 11:00 a.m. Evening Worship 7:00 p.m. Wednesday Services 6:30 p.m. All services interpreted If traveling I-95 in North Carolina stop to worship with us.

COLUMBIA BAPTIST CHURCH

103 West Columbia Street
Falls Church, Virginia 22046
The Deaf Department invites you to attend Sunday
School at 9:45 a.m. Worship services at 11:00 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. interpreted for the deaf.

Worship and serve with us at FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH 510 West Main Avenue

Knoxville, Tennessee 37902 Sunday: Sunday School 9:30 a.m.; Morning worship 11:00 a.m.; Training Union 6:00 p.m. Evening worship 7:00 p.m.
A Full Church Program for the Deaf

When in Greater Atlanta, Visit
COLONIAL HILLS BAPTIST CHURCH 2130 Newnan Ave., East Point, Georgia 30344

All services signed for the deaf. Sunday services 11:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. Take Highway 166—Main Street Exit. Phone 404-753-7025.

CHURCH OF CHRIST

When in Albuquerque area, welcome to MONTGOMERY BLVD. CHURCH OF CHRIST

7201 Montgomery Blvd., NE Albuquerque, New Mexico 87109 Bible Class 9:30 a.m.; Worship 8:15 a.m. & 5:00 p.m. Wednesday Bible Class 7:00 p.m. Larry Schwarz, Deaf Minister Jean Burch, Interpreter

In Los Angeles area, worship at ...
MAYWOOD CHURCH OF CHRIST

MAYWOOD CHURCH OF CHRIST
5950 Hellotrope Circle
Maywood, California 90270
Sunday class 9:30 a.m., Worship service 10:30 a.m.,
6 p.m. Wednesday Bible study 7 p.m.
Bob Anderson, Minister (213) 583-5328
Restoring Undenominational Christianity
Worship, 11:00, Evening Service, 7:00

FAITH CHURCH A United Church of Christ 23W371 Armitage Ave., Glen Ellyn, III. 60137 Service at 10:30 each Sunday Minister: Rev. Gerald W. Rees

Interpreters: Jim and Sheila Palmer

ROCKVILLE CHURCH OF CHRIST 1450 W. Montgomery Ave., Rockville, Md. 20850

Sunday Class, 10:00 a.m.; Worship Services, 11:00 a.m., 6:00 p.m. Minister: Don Browning Interpreter: Don Garner

HUBER HEIGHTS CHURCH OF CHRIST 4925 Fishburg Rd., Dayton, Ohio 45424 Signed Bible Classes and Worship Services

Bible Classes-Sunday 9:30 a.m.; Wednesday 7:30 p.m.; Worship Services-Sunday 10:30 a.m. and 6:00 p.m.

MEMORIAL DR. CHURCH OF CHRIST

747 South Memorial Dr. Tulsa, Oklahoma 74112 Bible Study 9:30 a.m. Worship 10:30 a.m. Sun. Eve. 6:00 p.m. Wed. Eve. 7:30 p.m. Tom Ramey, Deaf Minister Office (918) 832-0330 Both TTY or Voice "MUST THE DEAF DIE WITHOUT CHRIST?" Visiting the Gateway to the West? Be sure to visit Christ Church Cathedral, home of:

ST. THOMAS MISSION FOR THE DEAF

1210 Locust St. St. Louis, MO 63103

Services every Sunday at 10:00 a.m. in the Bofinger

The Rev. Robert H. Grindrod, Vicar (314) 421-2585 (Voice or TTY)

ST. AGNES' MISSION FOR THE DEAF

Each Sunday, 12 noon, at St. Philip's Episcopal Church

Dennison Ave. & West 33rd St.,

Cleveland, Ohlo

Vicar: The Rev. Jay L. Croft

482 Orlando Ave., Akron, Ohio 44320 TTY 216-0864-2865

ST. JUDE'S MISSION OF THE DEAF St. Michael's Church Killean Park, Colonie, New York Each Sunday, 2:00 p.m.

ST. MARK'S EPISCOPAL MISSION FOR THE DEAF

Second Sunday each month, 7:00 p.m., at the Episcopal Church of Saint Mark the Evangelist. 1750 East Oakland Park Boulevard Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33334

The Reverend Charles Folsom-Jones, Pastor TTY 305-563-4508

When in Denver, welcome to ALL SOULS MISSION FOR THE DEAF-ST. MARK'S EPISCOPAL 1160 Lincoln St., Denver, Colorado Tel. 534-8678

Open every Sunday at 10 a.m.
All Souls Guild meetings second Friday
night, 7:30 p.m.
All Souls Guild socials fourth Friday night, 7:30 p.m. Rev. Edward Grav

ALL SOULS' CHURCH FOR THE DEAF Philadelphia, Pa.

Serving the deaf in Southeastern Pennsylvania. A warm welcome awaits you at our services at 11:00 a.m. every Sunday, at the Seamen's Church Institute, 3rd and Arch Streets, in Olde
Philadelphia (next door to Betsy Ross Housel). For more
information, write to: The Rev. Roger Pickering, Vicar
P.O. Box 27459 Philadelphia, PA 19150 or call TTY (215)247-6454
voice (215) 247-1059

THE EPISCOPAL CONFERENCE OF THE DEAF IN THE UNITED STATES

Welcomes you to worship with us at any of our 75 churches across the nation.

For information or location of the church nearest you, consult your telephone directory or write to:

The Ven. Camille Desmarais, President 2201 Cedar Crest Drive Birmingham, Alabama 35214

The Rev. Arthur Steldemann, Ex. Secy. 429 Somerset St. Louis, Missouri 63119

The oldest church for the deaf in the United States

ST. ANN'S CHURCH FOR THE DEAF Episcopal

209 East 16th Street

Services 11:30 a.m. every Sunday The Rev. Columba Gilliss, OSH Mail Address: 209 East 16th St. New York, N.Y. 10003 In care of St. George's Church

LUTHERAN

HOPE LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE DEAF 4936 N.E. Skidmore, Portland, OR 97218

Bible Class every Sunday, 9:30 a.m.; worship every Sunday, 10:30 a.m. Hope is located two blocks south of N.E. Prescott, between N.E. Fremont and N.E. Prescott on 49th Ave. Church office 503-284-1014 voice or TTY. Rev. Shirrel Petzoldt, Pastor, 503-256-9598, voice or TTY. Mr. Mark Schoepp, D.C.E. 503-236-8516, voice or TTY.

Welcome to ... PILGRIM LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE DEAF

3801 Gillham Road, Kansas City, Mc. 64114 Worship every Sunday, 10:30 a.m. Rev. LaVern Mass, pastor, TTY 561-9030 Pastor's residence, TTY 722-0602

HOLY THREE-IN-ONE LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE DEAF 4411 La Branch, Houston, TX 77004

Worship every Sunday 10:45 a.m.; Sunday School 9:30 a.m.

Rev. Robert D. Case, Pastor TTY: 526-6134 & 921-6456

In Seattle, visit us at OUR REDEEMER LUTHERAN CHURCH

FOR THE DEAF John St. & Dexter Ave., Seattle, WA

(Denny Park Annex) Worship at 11 a.m. Rev. William A. Ludwig, TTY 524-2283 Mr. Richard French, 935-2920 & 622-6941

OUR SAVIOR LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE DEAF

Meeting in the Gloria Dei Chapel of the Lutheran School for the Deaf **5861 E. Nevada, Detroit, Mich. 48234** Worship at 10:30 every Sunday (9:00 a.m., June, July, August) Rev. Clark R. Bailey, Pastor Phone (313) 751-5823

Visiting New York "Fun" City? ST. MATTHEW LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE DEAF 41-01 75th St., Elmhurst (Queens), N.Y. 11373

11:00 a.m. Sunday Worship Rev. Michael J. Hayes, Pastor 212-335-8141 or 516-561-6468 Voice or TTY 1 block from IND-74th St./Roosevelt Ave. and IRT-74th St. Subways

ROGATE LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE DEAF 2447 East Bay Drive, Clearwater, Florida (Between Belcher and Highway 19)

A church of the deaf, by the deaf, for the deaf. Our services are conducted in sign language by the pastor. Services are every Sunday at 11:00 a.m. Bible class is every Sunday at 10:00 a.m. 531-2761 (TTY and voice)

> Rev. Frank Wagenknecht, Pastor Rev. Glen Borhart, Assistant Pastor

We are happy to greet you at . . . EMMANUEL LUTHERAN CHURCH 2822 E. Floradora, Fresno, Calif. 93703 S. S. Class for Deaf Children, 9:15 a.m.;

Every Sunday; Bible Class, 9:15 a.m.; Worship Serv-Stanley Quebe, pastor, Clarence Eisberg, associate pastor, phone 209-485-5780.

In North New Jersey meet friends at ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH FOR THE DEAF 510 Parker St. at Ballantine Pkwy.
Newark, N.J. 07104
(Bus No. 27 to B. Pkwy., 3 bl. West)
Sundays, 10 a.m.; Thursdays, 8 p.m.
Rev. C. Roland "G" Gerhold, pastor

Need help? Phone (201) 485-2260

When in Central Texas, be sure to visit at ...

JESUS LUTHERAN CHURCH FOR THE DEAF
1307 Newton Ave., Austin, TX 78704

Worship every Sunday at 10:30 a.m., Sunday School during school year at 9:30 a.m.

Rev. Richard Reinap, Pastor

TTY and voice (512) 422-1715; home TTY and voice (512) 441-1636.

Just across the street from TSD

When in Minneapolis, welcome to . . .
PREAD OF LIFE LUTHERAN CHURCH
FOR THE DEAF 2901 38th Avenue South Minneapolis, Minnesota 55406 Services 11:00 a.m. every Sunday (10:00 a.m. during June, July and August) The Rev. Lawrence T. Bunde, pastor

OUR SAVIOR LUTHERAN CHURCH FOR THE DEAF

First and third Sunday of every month.

Maryland and 18th Ave., Phoenix, Ariz.

Room 14, 10:30 a.m. Also fourth Sunday of every month at

St. Luke's Lutheran Church, 807 N. Stapley Dr., Mesa, Ariz. Rooms 1 and 1, 11:00 a.m. Mr. Gerald Last, Lay Minister Voice (602) 242-9419

You are welcome to worship at ...
HOLY CROSS LUTHERAN CHURCH
FOR THE DEAF 101 N. Besumont, St. Louis, Mo. 63103 Just west of Rodeway Inn, Jefferson Ave. Worship every Sunday, 10:30 a.m. TTY (314) 725-8349 Rev. Martin A. Hewitt, pastor

When in Nashville area, welcome to ...
CENTRAL CHURCH OF CHRIST 145 Fifth Avenue, North, Nashville, TN, 37219

Bible study, 9:45 a.m.; worship, 10:50 a.m. and 6 p.m. Wednesday Bible study, 7:30 p.m.
Frank Rushing, Deaf Minister
Office (615) 255-3807 — Home (615) 361-0530,
Both TTY or Voice
"Promoting Christianity Among the Deaf"

When in Rockford, Illinois, welcome to CALVARY CHURCH OF CHRIST 5455 Charles, St., Rockford, III. 61108
A non-denominational Christian Church. Signed Bible Studies Sunday, 9 a.m. Interpreted weekly services, 10 a.m., 7 p.m.

ST. ANTHONY'S CHURCH Maywood Way and "C" St., Oxnard, CA 93034.

Mass is celebrated each third Sunday of the month at 2:30 p.m. in the sign language.

> SOUTH ELEVENTH AND WILLIS CHURCH OF CHRIST-DEAF 3325 S. 11th St., Abilene, TX.79605

Sunday morning worship, 9:00 a.m. (signing and evening worship services interpreted, 6:00 p.m. Ministers: Raymond Blasingame; Jerry Drennan; interpreter training, Doug Svien; Dwight Caughfield, director.

ECHO MEADOWS CHURCH OF CHRIST 2905 Starr Ave., Oregon, Ohio 43616 Adjacent to Toledo on Eastside. Get off I-280 at Starr

Avenue exit-approx. 2 mi. straight east. Bellamy H. Perkins, Deaf Minister Three Hearing Interpreters
Funerals, weddings, counseling, Minister available
for services in your town. Deaf chapel separate from hearing. Minister available to help you. Visitors warmly welcome.

CATHOLIC

CATHOLIC OFFICE OF THE DEAF 155 E. Superior, Chicago, IL 60611 Rev. Joseph A. Mulcrone, Director

312-751-8370 (Voice or TTY)

Roman Catholic Immaculate Conception Parish 177 S. York Rd., Elmhurst, III. 60126 Contact: Deacon Jim Monahan,

TTY 815-727-6411 All welcome to signed Mass Service at 9:00 a.m., 2nd and 4th Sundays, September through June.

ST. FRANCIS OF ASSISI CATHOLIC CHURCH AND CENTER FOR THE DEAF

Archdiocese of Washington, D.C. 7202 Buchanan Street, Landover Hills, Mary land 20784

Phone: Voice or TTY 301-459-7464 Mass every Sunday 11:30 a.m. Fr. Ed Helm, Pastor/Director Br. David Skarda, C.SS.R., Pastoral Asst/Asst. Dir.

NEW ORLEANS CATHOLIC DEAF CENTER 721 St. Ferdinand St., New Orleans, La. 70117

(504) 949-4413 24-Hour Answering Service Office: Monday through Friday, 8:30 to 4:30 Movie: Friday 7:30 to midnight (Hall) Mass Saturday, 7 p.m., at St. Gerard Parish for the Hearing Impaired, followed by social. Socials: Saturday, 8 p.m. to midnight (Hall) Hall: 2824 Dauphine Street, Phone (504) 943-7888. 24-Hour Educational Service (504) 945-4121 24-Hour TTY News Service (504) 945-7020 Rev. Paul H. Desrosiers

ST. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH FOR THE DEAF

2771 Zenobia Street Denver, CO 80212

Telephone: (303) 455-1968 (voice or TTY) Rev. Tom Covte, Director/Pastor Family Classes: Sundays, 9:00 a.m. Mass: 10:00 a.m. (Summer: 5:30 p.m. Sat.)

ST. BERNARD'S CHURCH 2500 W. Avenue 33, Los Angeles, CA 90065. Masses are celebrated every Sunday at 11:00 a.m. in the sign language. Socials immediately follow in the hall

INTERNATIONAL CATHOLIC DEAF **ASSOCIATION, CANADIAN SECTION National Pastoral Centre, Holy Name Church** 71 Gough Ave., Toronto, Ontario, M4K 3N9 Canada

Moderator, Rev. B. Dwyer Mass each Sunday, 1:00 p.m.; religious instruction each Saturday, 1:30 p.m.

MOTHER OF PERPETUAL HELP CHURCH OF THE DEAF 5215 Seward Street, Omaha, NB 68104

Moderator, Rev. James Vance, C.S.S.R.

Phone-TTY (402) 558-4214 (24 hr. answering) Mass every Sunday at 10 a.m. Rolls and coffee after mass. Dinner every 1st Sunday of month. Holy Days and first Fridays, Mass, 7 p.m.

> ST. JOHN'S DEAF CENTER 8245 Fisher, Warren, Mich. 48089 TTY (313) 758-0710

Moderators: Rev. Gary Bueche Sister Dolores Beere, MHSH Mass every Sunday at noon

EPISCOPAL

CENTRAL PENNA. EPISCOPAL DEAF MISSIONS

St. Mary's Mission, 2nd at Broad Sts., Waynesboro, PA. Services: 1st & 3rd Sundays 9:15 a.m.

All Saints Mission, Clearview Rd., at McCosh St., Hanover, PA. Services: 1st & 3rd Sundays 3:30 p.m. St. John's Mission, 140 N. Beaver St., York, PA. Services: 2nd & 4th Sundays 9:00 a.m.

Christ Church Mission, 4th & Mulberry Sts., Williamsport, PA. Services: 2nd & 4th Sundays 3:30

The Rev. Fred Stevenson, Priest-in-Charge 118 West Avenue Hanover, PA 17331 717-637-4085 TTY or Voice

ST. PAUL'S MISSION FOR THE DEAF OF GREATER HARTFORD

679 Farmington Ave., West Hartford, Conn.

Services every Sunday at 10:30 a.m. Fellowship Guild, 4th Thursday at 7:00 p.m.

ASCENSION MISSION FOR THE DEAF 1882 Post Rd., Darien, Conn.

Services 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Sunday at 2:00 p.m. Fellowship Guild, 4th Friday at 7:30 p.m. The Rev. Ray Andersen, Vicar Episcopal Missions for the Deaf of Conn. 45 Church Street, Hartford, CT 06103 TTY: (203) 278-0178 Voice: (203) 527-7231

ST. JAMES' CHURCH MISSION OF THE DEAF 833 W. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, WI 53233

(414) 271-1340 TTY & Voice Signed/Interpreted Masses every Sunday and on Holy Days as announced Church School and Adult Forum. Captioned Films and Sign Language Classes. All Sacraments available in Total Communication.

Wm, R. Newby, AHC

When in Rochester, N.Y., welcome to EPHPHATHA EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF THE DEAF St. Mark's & St. John's Episcopal Church 1245 Culver Road (South of Empire Blvd.) Rochester, New York 14609

Services 9 a.m. every Sunday Contact: The Rev. Alvin Burnworth Voice or TTY 315-247-1436

ALL SAINT'S MISSION FOR THE DEAF

Cathedral of the Incarnation
36 Cathedral Ave., Garden City, N.Y. 11530 Communion service and fellowship, Cathedral Hall Chapel; every 4th Sunday, 3 p.m. Interpreted morning services—Feast Days. July and August third Sundays—Cathedral.

> EPISCOPAL DEAF IN VIRGINIA St. Paul's Episcopal Church Ninth and Grace Sts. Richmond, Virginia 23219

Services at 10:00 a.m. every Sunday. Voice and TTY (804) 643-3589.

St. Barnabas' Mission to the DEAF St. John's Church-St. Mary's Chapel 6701 Wisconsin Ave., Chevy Chase, MD 20015 Services every Sunday, 10:00 a.m. For information, contact Barbara Stevens, TTY 301-439-3856

> St. Martin's Episcopal Church 1333 Jamestown Rd. Williamsburg, Virginia 23185

Special ministry for hearing-impaired visitors to Colonial Williamsburg, Busch Gardens and nearby vacation sites. 24-Hour voice and TTY (804) 253

The Rev. David J. Tetrault, Vicar with the Deaf

LUTHERAN

Welcome to

HOPE LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE DEAF 4936 N.E. Skidmore, Portland, OR. 97218

Worship every Sunday at 9:30 a.m. One block south of Prescott on 47th 503-256-9598, Voice or TTY Rev. Shirrel Petzoldt, Pastor

Need help? Want to hear good news? Visit ST. MARK LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE DEAF

421 W. 145 St., N.Y., N.Y. 10031 Sun. worship 2 p.m. —June-Aug. 1 p.m. Bible Class and Sunday School 3:30 p.m. Rev. Kenneth Schnepp, Jr., pastor Home Phone (914) 375-0599

DEAF ZION LUTHERAN CHURCH 15000 N.W. 27th Ave., Miami, Florida 33504 Phones (with TTY): Ch. 688-0312 or 651-6720

or 621-8950 Every Sunday:

Bible Class

10:00 A.M. 11:00 A.M

Worship Service

Ervin R. Oermann, pastor

Paul G. Consoer, lay minister

PRINCE OF PEACE LUTHERAN CHURCH FOR THE DEAF 205 N. Otis, St. Paul, Minn.

Services every Sunday at 11:00 a.m. Summer services every Sunday at 10:00 a.m. Rev. Wm. Lange, pastor TTY 644-2365, 644-9804 Home 724-4097

In the Los Angeles area

SALEM LUTHERAN CHURCH (ALC)

1211 North Brand Boulevard Glendale, CA 91202

Signed worship services every Sunday, 11:00 a.m. Rev. John W. Soyster, Pastor (212) 243-3195 (TTY/Voice)

UNITED METHODIST

CAMERON UNITED METHODIST CHURCH OF THE DEAF

1413 Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio 45210 Sunday Worship 11:00: Sunday Study 12:00 Rev. Tom Williams, minister A place of worship and a place of service.

All are welcome.

FOREST PARK UNITED METHODIST CHURCH

2100 Kentucky Ave., Fort Wayne, Ind. 46805 Sunday School, 9:30 a.m.; church service, 11:00 a.m. Tuesday evenings, captioned movies Pastor Edward Vaught 484-6696 (TTY and voice)

> When in Metropolitan Washington, D.C., worship at

WASHINGTON UNITED METHODIST CHURCH FOR THE DEAF

7001 New Hampshire Ave., Takoma Park, Md. Worship Service in the Fireside Room at 10:30 a.m. Sunday School for hearing children Captioned Movies every first Sunday at 11:45 a m Rev. LeRoy Schauer, pastor

JEWISH

TEMPLE BETH SOLOMON OF THE DEAF

13580 Osborne St., Arleta, Calif. TTY (213) 896-6721, Voice (213) 899-2203 Services: First Friday, 7:30 p.m. Socials: First, third and fifth Wednesdays, noon. Every Sunday, 7:00 p.m. Religious school: Every Sunday, 10:00 a.m.

National Congress of **lewish Deaf**

Alvin Klugman, President 3023 Oakhurst Avenue Los Angeles, California 90034

Betty Oshman, Secretary-Treasurer 20 Gordon Road Erdenheim, PA 19118

Alexander Fleischman, Executive Director 9102 Edmonston Court Greenbelt, Maryland 20770

1982 NCJD CONVENTION Washington Hilton Hotel, Washington, D.C. August 4-8 1982

OTHER DENOMINATIONS

CHRIST'S CHURCH OF THE DEAF (Non-Denominational)

Meets in First Christian Church building each Sunday.

Scott and Mynster Streets Council Bluffs, Iowa

Bible School, 9:30 a.m.; Worship, 10:30 a.m. Duane King, Minister Mailing address: R. R. 2, Council Bluffs, Iowa 51501

Salem Deaf Fellowship (Interdenominational)

Meets in the Chapel of the First Free Methodist Church, 4455 Silverton Rd., Salem, OR 97305 Sunday School 9:45 a.m. Sunday Morning Worship 10:50 a.m. Sunday Evening Worship 6:30 p.m. Bible Study Wednesday, 7:00 p.m.

Rev. Kent Olney, Pastor Voice/TTY (503) 581-2006

METROPOLITAN COMMUNITY CHURCH OF NEW YORK

201 W. 13th St. (at 7th Ave.) New York, N.Y. 10001 212-242-1212

Sunday worship services at Duane Methodist Church, 13th and Seventh Ave., 7:00 p.m. signed. Everyone is, naturally, welcome.

IMMANUEL CHURCH FOR THE DEAF 657 West 18th St., Los Angeles, Calif. 90015 Sunday school, 9:45 a.m.; Sunday morning worship,

11:00 a.m.; Bible Study, Tuesday, 7:30 p.m.

When in the Pacific paradise, visit HAWAII CHURCH FOR THE DEAF 3144 Kaunaoa Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96815

Sunday School 9:15 a.m.; Worship 10:30 a.m. Wed Bible Study and Fri. Fellowship 7:00 p.m. Children's weekday religious education classes

Rev. David Schiewek, pastor For information call 732-0120

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION OFFICE 430 N. Center St., Joliet, III. 69435

Contact: Deacon Jim Monahan, TTY 815-727-6411

All in Joliet area welcome to signed Mass Service at 10:45 a.m., 3rd Sunday, September through June.

American Missions to the Deaf, Inc.

Independent, Fundamental Mission Board

- -- Foreign Missions in Jamaica and Central America
- -Bible Correspondence School
- -- Deaf and hearing missionary applications accepted

Write for more information

American Missions to the Deaf Rev. C. Ray Roush, Chairman P.O. Box 425, Dept. DA State Line, PA 17263

THE NATIONAL	JOIN ASSOCIATION OF THE DEA	\F	
	☐ Individual Membership	\$15.00	
	Associate Membership (for clubs, organizations, agencies	25.00 es, etc.)	
Enclosed is my check for:	☐ Husband-Wife Membership	25.00	
	☐ Family Membership	35.00	
	nbership includes subscription ne Deaf American and The NAD Bro	adcaster)	
ADDRESS			
CITY	STATEZIP		
Subscription onl	y, \$10.00 per year, \$11.00 to foreig	ın countrie	
	al Association of the Deaf nayer Ave., Silver Spring, MD 20910		

CLUB DIRECTORY

AKRON CLUB OF THE DEAF

"A friendly place to congregate"
Open Tues. & Thurs., 6 p.m.-11:30 p.m.; Fri., 6 p.m.-11:30 p.m.; Sat., 6 p.m.-1:30 a.m.; Sun., 6 p.m.-1:30 p.m.

In Atlanta, it's the
GATEWAY TO THE SOUTH
ATLANTA CLUB OF THE DEAF, INC.
760 Edgewood Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia 30307

Open Every Friday and Saturday Night

CHICAGO CLUB OF THE DEAF 4221 W. Irving Park Rd., Chicago, III. 60641 Open Friday and Saturday evenings

The Showplace of the Southwest . . DALLAS ASSOCIATION OF THE DEAF, INC.
4215 Maple Ave., Dallas, Texas 75219
Open Wed., Fri., Sat. eves
TTY 214-522-0380

When in Denver, stop by ...
SILENT ATHLETIC CLUB OF DENVER 1545 Julian St., Denver, Colo. 80204 Open Saturday evenings

DETROIT ASSOC. OF THE DEAF, INC. 1240 Third Blvd., Detroit, Mich. 48226

Come to visit our new club when you are in Detroit. Open Friday evening, Saturday and Sunday

GREATER INDIANAPOLIS DEAF CLUB 1917 E. 46th St. Indianapolis, Ind. 46205

Open Wednesday, Friday and Saturday evenings Wayne Walters, president

In Hawaii, it's Aloha (welcome) from .

HAWAII CLUB FOR THE DEAF American Legion Auxiliary Hall 612 McCully Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96814

2nd Saturday of each month, 7:30 p.m. Address all mail to:
Mrs. Norma L. Williams, secretary
727 Palani Avenue, Apt. No. 6
Honolulu, Hawaii 96816

When in Houston, you are welcome to the HOUSTON ASSOCIATION OF THE DEAF, INC.
606 Boundary St., Houston, Texas 77009
Open Friday and Saturday evenings

LEHIGH ASSOCIATION OF THE DEAF 121 S. 8th St., Allentown, Pa. 18101

Open Friday and Saturday evenings TTY 215-432-7133 Nelson C. Boyer, secretary

LADIES SUNSHINE CIRCLE OF THE DEAF (Since 1914) Meets at 1223 S. Vermont Ave., Los Angeles, Calif. 90006.

Third Thursday of each month, 10:00 a.m. Augusta Lorenz, corresponding secretary 7812 Borson St., Downey, Calif. 90242

LRAD LITTLE ROCK ASSOCIATION OF THE DEAF, INC. 9005 Lew Dr., Little Rock, Ark. 72209 TTY (501) 565-4374

7 p.m.-1 a.m.. Fridays & Saturdays

When in New Hampshire, come to the .

MANCHESTER DEAF CLUB, INC. 126 Lowell St., Manchester, N.H. Open every second and fourth Saturday of each month with free Captioned Movies

When in Illinois, visit the ROCKFORD DEAF AWARENESS ASSOCIATION

Meets the third Thursday at 7:00 p.m. at the Seton Center, 921 W. State Street, Rockford, Illinois Mailing address: 405 Robert Ave., Rockford, Il

> **METROPOLITAN WASHINGTON** ASSOCIATION OF THE DEAF

3210-A Rhode Island Mt. Rainer, Md. 20822 Open Friday, Saturday and Sunday evenings.
When in the Nation's Capital, come and see us.

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UNION LEAGUE OF THE DEAF, INC. Hotel Edison, 226 W. 47th St. New York, N.Y. 10036

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